The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By J. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued]

CHAPTER VII. SIEGE OF RICHMOND.

The law of social liability by which the innocent often suffer with the guilty, found frequent illustrations in the progress of the Union Armies into the Rebellious States. Union men were found everywhere, even in the most remote strongholds of the Confederacy; one such lived here. He was a man of great wealth, a landed estate of thousands of acres, on which he resided, and hundreds of slaves. He was an old gentleman, probably seventy-five, and unquestionably loyal to the Union; when our lines were advanced, the army camped upon his magnificent farm, and commenced fortifying. A division commander took possession of a part of his mansion, and his staff spread out among the shrubbery of the garden, their stamping steeds destroying the verdure and life; his fences, barns and outhouses were torn down, and the lumber used in building quarters and for firewood. His broad fields were ridged with fortifications, breastworks and dotted with forts, and every acre of tillable land plowed with artillery wheels, and trampled into mire by the horses. The little supply left him by the foragers for the Confederate Army was soon exhausted after our troops came, and now the once wealthy planter and his family reduced to poverty and want, were supplied by the officers with government rations.

A grand-daughter of the old gentleman was taken very sick; no physician was in reach; no kind neighbors or friends to watch by the failing couch; a hundred thousand warriors were around that once happy home, and the roar of cannon shook the house wherein she lay, to its very foundation.

Surgeons of our army offered their services, which were gladly accepted; they sat by her bedside long nights, watching, and doing all that science and skill could do for recovery; but it was all in vain; she died, and this once wealthy man had now, not even the means for a decent enshroudment; not even money to pay for a coffin. But through the generosity of the officers about the place, a coffin was provided, and the body consigned to a grave in the garden of that home, by soldiers; an Army Chaplain officiating in a brief funeral ceremony.

On Nov. 26th (1864) we finished our winter quarters, and covered the ground floor with pine twigs. We seemed to be settled for the winter, or, at least a period of rest. All the routine and order in camp were once more instituted.

On Sunday evening, Nov. 27th, for the first time in many months we had dress parade, and on Monday, the 28th the 148th exercised in skirmish drill in the forenoon, and battalion drill in the afternoon.

Every move gave evidence of long experience and perfect discipline, with the precision and accuracy of regulars every move was executed.

Night came, clouded, and of inky darkness; "Tattoo" quieted the camp; "taps" sounded, and the camp was in darkness; only the quiet, stealthy movements of the guards were heard, as they came and went to post, to watch for the safety of their comrades, who, in their turn, slept the deep, dreamless sleep, which only tired soldiers do sleep, fully conscious that the guards would give the alarm, should danger come.

Midnight came, and with it alarm and excitement; orders to "pack up," and be ready to move at once, without light or noise. Down came the winter tents we had just finished, and in a short time the 148th was in line, with everything the men possessed packed on their backs, fully ready to march or fight. Let it here be understood that all our regular battles in summer and winter, were fought with our entire outfit, including tents, rations, etc., etc., about seventy pounds, packed on our backs, so there was little wonder that the men in the midsummer battles, under a scorching southern sun, would completely perspiration soak their coats as well as their shirts. We return to the narrative.

We moved out of our fine camp and filed off to the south; the march was kept up for several hours, when we halted and waited the coming of day. The morning of the 29th dawned clear, mild and beautiful; we had a frugal breakfast of hot coffee and crackers, then resumed the march; toward noon we reached Fort McMahon, on the extreme left of our line, and went into camp near Hatcher's Run, near the crossing of the Vaughan Road.

TRADING COFFEE FOR TOBACCO BETWEEN THE LINES.

All signs of battle had passed away. A strong skirmish detail, in which the 148th was heavily represented, went out to the advance line, and relieved the men of the 9th Corps and skirmished heavily for five or six hours. Meanwhile the balance of the Regiment once more commenced to build winter quarters.

On Nov. 30th, the entire Regiment was busily employed in building the fourth winter camp and made rapid progress; by evening we had the tent walls built and the canvas on them.

WILTON LACKAYE IN "THE PIT."

At the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, April 18th to 30th.

Wilton Lackaye will return to Philadelphia for two weeks, beginning Monday, April 18th, appearing at the Chestnut Street Theatre in "The Pit", the play that created such a sensation last November, and has, since that time, enjoyed phenominally successful runs in Chicago and New York. "The Pit" has been one of the biggest successes of the theatrical year. It will be presented with the entire New York cast, which is considered much stronger even, than the original company. Among the most important additions are White Whitelesey, A. H. Stuart and Marian Chapman. An entirely new setting has been built for the famous Board of Trade scene, and the wheat panic occurs in a scene that is an exact reproduction of the Chicago wheat market. The dramatization of Frank Norris's famous novel, which treats of the selling of wheat as practiced on the Chicago Board of Trade and of various types and typey types of people to be found in the society of any large city, was made by Channing Pollock and follows closely the main lines of the Norris story.

In this struggle he puts one of his cave-dwelling men, whom he overpowers by his very vastness. He falls in love with a girl, and he simply crushes her down into loving him. Then he gets tangled in a wheat deal, and the lust of fight gets in him. It is not the money he wants, it is the sense of power, the joy of conflict.

He can fight against man, but not nature. He may buy wheat and store it, and think he has the whole world tributary. But the rain falls, the sun comes out, and lo, there are millions of bushels of new wheat to submerge him. Then he goes mad; defies nature, but nature breaks the man in body and estate.

In his struggle he forgets his wife, who is only his so long as he masters her, and she is on the verge of deserting him. But when the cave-dweller comes back to her spent by the fight, she takes him back in her arms and cuddles him back to life.

From South Dakota.

G. Bruce Goodhart, of White South Dakota, writes the Reporter thus: This has been a very long winter here, as it set in about Nov. 1st, but very little snow accompanied it.

Farmers are busy getting the soil ready to sow, while some have sown some grain as much as a week ago. This country is fast becoming a stock country, and the wheat acreage is decreasing each year. Every spring brings in lots of emigrants, who, I think, are wise in locating here. Old settlers, who have been here twenty-five years, say they never had an entire failure of crops, and only two or three bad years. We are looking for a good year in the lumber trade.

Painting and Paper Hanging.

The undersigned, who was employed for four years with S. H. Williams, Bellefonte, is ready to do all kinds of house painting and paper hanging. Call at Milton Kline's, three miles south of Centre Hall.

A. C. SMITH,
April 7, 1904 4t Centre Hall, Pa.

Surveying has been begun on a trolley line between Philipsburg and Osceola Mills.

TIRED TALKING THRO HORN

John and Bill Propose a Local Telephone Company—Plan Borrowed.

John: Hello!

Bill: Telephone?

John: Right, the South Side of Centre county ought to have a local telephone.

Bill: Do you really think so? And what of the great corporations now doing business here?

John: Great! That's what's the matter—these corporations are getting too great for communities like this.

Bill: You mean when corporations get to be extensive they become heartless; have no regard for the rights and privileges of others.

John: Just so. As long as the Commercial company was of a local character, the patrons of the company had more extensive service. The circle which the telephone covers, without extra toll, is becoming small compared with what it was when local capital was invested.

Bill: It looks very much as though the U. T. and T. would break the camel's back by cutting off privileges as did the Bell, in years gone by. But what are you going to do about it?

John: That's what Boss Tweed said in New York when he was cornered politically. The thing to do is what is being done in other localities, organize a local company.

Bill: On a big scale like the Bell?

John: Oh, no. Several lawyers in Snyder county have in view a plan that will solve the question and do it in such a way that it would be a great advantage to the community.

Bill: How is that?

John: Organize a company with a capital stock of say $10,000, divide it into four hundred shares of $25 each. Give no one more than one share. Ten thousand dollars would build the lines and install the exchanges.

Bill: How about the running expenses?

John: Let each subscriber pay for his own phone, and a yearly tax of three dollars for operating the lines.

Bill: The plan looks all right. Four hundred phones on the South Side of Centre county would mean that every locality would be connected—town and country, and—

John: Four hundred phones on this side the county would create a system that other sections would become anxious to connect with.

Bill: You are right. A movement along this line wouldn't go begging once it was organized.

John: There is no reason why the South Side should not have such a service at that cheap rate.

Program of Progress Grange.

The following program will be rendered at a meeting of Progress Grange, April 23rd:

How can the Grange develop a better method of informing the members of its trade advantages?—D. K. Keller.

Has the establishing of creameries made dairying more profitable and desirable?—J. J. Arney.

Instrumental music—Bertha Strohmeier.

How can the local granges be made financial institutions?—Lecturer.

How to cultivate and grow strawberries—Harry Dinges.

How to procure farm help and their proper treatment—George Emerick.

Recitation—Elsie Moore.

Music, by the Grange.

DEATHS.

A good bit of applause is paid for.

Even luck won't push a man up-hill very far.

Miss Sallie Shirk, of Milroy, and Miss Ida Shawver, were callers last week.

Mrs. S. S. Brown, nee Jennie Gill, of Milroy, last week visited her sister, Mrs. Isaac Shawver.

Northumberland county court adjourned on account of small pox cases being so numerous.

The Philipsburg Methodists propose installing a $2,500 pipe organ. Carnegie has promised to pay one-half the cost.

Women declare war on public bathing because it leaves not a single revelation either to the ballroom or the short skirt.

G. M. Harter, chief of the famous Red Mill, was in town Thursday of last week to make deliveries of his choice brands of Red Mill flour.

The credits given for subscription must have all been correct, at least there were no complaints. Do not postpone sending imformation to this office if an error occurred.

J. W. Bricker, who has for some time been employed in the Fort Wayne, (Indiana) car shops, will now be found in St. Paul, Minnesota, in one of the large wholesale stores of that city. He is a son of Mrs. Laura Bricker, of Boalsburg, and has his home with that lady's brother, A. G. C. Stover.

Senator Smoot may sit snug and safe in his Senatorship and wear his toga undisturbed; Judge Swayne can go on with his adjudications; if there be misdoing in the Departments the lid will not be lifted. The labor bills will also go over. Congress will adjourn and put off disagreeable duties and avoid disagreeable exposures until a later and a safer time arrives.

WILLIAM HANNON

Died at the Bellefonte Hospital Friday Morning from Effects of Burns.

William Hannon, of Howard, died at the Bellefonte Hospital Friday morning at 3:30 o'clock, as a result of burns which he received from the explosion of a torch Saturday night previous between 12 and 1 o'clock while at Harbison-Walker brick works at Monument, near Beech Creek. He was the night watchman there and about mid-night was in the engine room. In some unaccountable way his torch set fire to his coat. In an instant the man's clothing was all ablaze. Perfectly helpless and liable to a most excruciating death he blew the whistle at the works and it summoned a watchman from another department to his aid. The flames were extinguished but not before he was badly burned about the right side, arm, neck and face. He was taken to his home at Howard and on Thursday afternoon he was brought to the Bellefonte Hospital.

The unfortunate man was about fifty-four years of age. He was married to Elizabeth James, of near Eagleville, who survives him, with the following children: Malcolm, Stuart, Hurbert, and Arthur all of Howard, and a stepson, Norman Lighthammer, of the same place.

Aaronsburg.

A. S. Stover is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever at present.

Miss Ruth Swabb spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Burd, at Coburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus Stover, of Rebersburg, were in town a day last week.

W. C. Wyle, of Mifflinburg, made a business trip to this place one day last week.

Walter Rupp and mother spent Sunday at the home of Kerstetter's, near Coburn.

Miss Mary Hartman and Bessie Sturgis, of Millheim, spent a day with Hettie Smull.

Mrs. Mary Ardrey, of Bellefonte, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stover.

Mrs. Ida Tomlinson, of Clearfield, visited her mother, Mrs. Leitzell, the past few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. John Royer, of Pleasant Gap, visited at the home of Thomas Hull over Sunday.

A. C. Mingle, of Bellefonte, spent a day last week with his aged mother, at the home of E. G. Mingle.

Edwin Wolfe has returned to his home at Wolf's Store, after having taught a seven month's term of school.

Martha Coll, of Millheim, is staying with her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Keeners, on North 2nd street.

Mrs. Anna B. Sankey, of Mifflinburg, visited Mrs. Effie Weaver and the Kline sisters, the greater part of the week.

Prof. J. M. Kahl and wife, of Greenburr, spent a few days with their daughters, Mrs. Ida Wyle and Mrs. Lizzie Wert.

Miss Elsie Philips, who is teaching music at Philadelphia, came home on Saturday and returned to her duties again on Tuesday.

Clymer Stover, accompanied by his mother and sisters, Mrs. Katie Weaver and Mrs. Mary Ardrey, spent part of Sunday at the home of Frank Guisewite, at Fiedler.

Following is the report of the Wolf's Chapel school for the sixth month, ending March 8th, E. R. Wolfe, teacher: Number enrolled during month, male 18, female 22, total 40; Per cent. for month, male 90, female 95. Seventh month, ending April 5th: Number on roll during month, male 18, female 19, total 37. Per cent. of attendance during month, male 97, female 94. Report for the term: Whole number enrolled for the term, male 18, female 22; number of days boys attended during the term, 2036; belonged, 2192 number of days girls attended, 2354; belonged, 2528; per cent. of attendance for the term, male 93, female 93.

Transfer of Real Estate.

H. A. Scholl to Laura M. Peters, April 1, 1901, 47 acres in Union twp. —$300.

George B. Waite, et. al., to W. J. Hackenberg, April 1, 1904, land in Miles twp.—$265.

Howard Scholl, et. al., to Laura M. Peters, March 30, 1904, 47 acres in Union twp.—$500.

M. L. Rishel, et ux., to Frank Bogdan, March 2, 1904, land in Potter twp. —$700.

Henry Mowery, et. ux., to Winifred Brumgart, March 29, 1904, 2 tracts of land in Gregg twp.—$1300.

Edward T. Cole, et. ux., to Christ Decker, et. al., March 27, 1904, land in Walker twp.—$3500.

Sarah E. Foreman, et. al., to James I. Lytle, et. al., March 28, 1904, land in Potter twp.—$2489.

W. H. Smith, et. ux., to Henry Mowery, March 28, 1904, 2 tracts in Gregg twp.—$2200.

WANT TO SUCCEED PENNY.

Congressman Ernest F. Acheson, of Washington county, is a candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

A boom has been launched also for Congressman Marlin E. Olmsted, of Dauphin county.

Both these candidates have come to the front as a result of the prospective retirement of John P. Elkin to the Supreme Court.

Aside from Acheson and Olmsted, the conspicuous candidates in the field are ex-Lieutenant Governor Louis A. Watres, of Lackawanna, and Congressman Joseph C. Sibley, of Venango Watres has Quay's personal promise of support in return for having thrown his delegates to Pennypacker in the gubernatorial convention of 1902.

Acheson is an exceptionally formidable candidate. While maintaining a degree of independence that has kept his record free from the taint of machine corruption, he has kept in touch with the "organization" on all matters of legitimate party effort. His ability as a politician has been demonstrated in repeated failures of the strongest influences in the State to interfere with his plans.

Some of the Republican newspapers are demanding a legislative reapportionment of the State, but they are pretty sure to have their labor for their pains. The fact that Philadelphia would gain only one more member, while Allegheny county would get an increase of eight, would alone be enough to convince Senator Quay that he ought to oppose reapportionment. Had Allegheny county possessed its proper quota of members of the Legislature a few years ago Mr. Quay would not now be a United States senator. Neither would Mr. Pennypacker be governor, and the records made by the last two Legislatures would probably have been vastly more creditable. With Mr. Quay and the Philadelphia delegation against a reapportionment it is safe to say that the next Legislature will, like its many predecessors, refuse to make one

The sidetracking of any moral agency is always a sorry spectacle. There are enough real evils in the world, and close at hand within its proper sphere of labor, to employ all the energies of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. When it turns aside, at the behest of a visitor's provincialism, to condemn a widespread practice which the common sense of the people sanctions, as did a New Jersey local union the other day, in condemning American seashore bathing customs, it forfeits the confidence and co-operation of even those who would support it in its legitimate work.

A Methodist minister has announced that the two men who lead the intelligent thought of the world are the Emperor of Germany and the President of the United States. The favorite claim of the Emperor is that he is the War Lord of his people, and his favorite metaphor is the mailed fist.

The President's most insistent demand is for a bigger navy, and the main reliance of his foreign policy is the physical power of the United States. The minister of the Gospel who believes these men of arms lead the intelligent thought of the world evidently belongs to the church militant.

When Governor Pennypacker some weeks ago called upon President Roosevelt in company with Senator Quay it was given out that the visit was merely one of courtesy. In view of the developments of the last few days the suspicion will arise that the Senator had in view the utilizing of the interview as an opportunity for the President to size up the governor as a candidate for that Federal judgeship. If this was his object all may shortly know how the senator's prize gubernatorial exhibit struck the President.

Ex-President Cleveland, in an interview printed in The New York World, says: "I do not see how any one professing to be a real, intelligent Democrat can hesitate to accept Mr. Parker, if he should be nominated, as a fit representative of safe and conservative Democratic principles entitled to hearty and unreserved Democratic support.

The rural free delivery service is rapidly spreading over the country. Up to February 1 there were 21,660 routes in operation and several hundred more had been favorably reported upon. There were 5217 petitions on hand asking for the establishment of other routes.

If Quay would have had a guessing contest prior to the Republican State convention, it is doubtful whether Penny would have got the first prize.

Painting the town red is not one of the cardinal virtues.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

R. B. Spangler has changed his residence from Hastings to Spangler.

Flour of sulphur mixed with corn meal is highly recommended for gapes in chickens.

The editor reserves all rights to refer to "garden making"—he wants a corner on that bit of news.

Farmers began plowing the middle of last week. They were very anxious to begin their spring work.

FOUND—A pair of gold-rimmed spectacles and case, on pike south of Old Fort. G. L. GOODHART.

The funeral of Forest From was held Sunday afternoon. Services were conducted by Rev. J. M. Rearick.

Miss Romie Van Pelt was home from Wilson College. She is making music—vocal and instrumental—a special study.

The county commissioners will hold an appeal for the townships of Gregg and Potter and Centre Hall borough, at Old Fort Hotel, April 21st.

Irvin Zeigler, son of Mrs. Henry Zeigler, west of Centre Hall, is now a student at Bucknell. He had previously attended Myerstown college.

The dairyman will find it to his interest to consult B. F. Homan, of Oak Hall Station, agent for the National Separator. Write to him for a catalogue. tf.

W. A. Odenkirk is located at Glen Iron at present, the station master at that place having died. Mr. Odenkirk took charge of the station during the agent's sickness.

Among the Gregg township gentlemen who were in Centre Hall last week, was Prof. W. P. Hosterman, ex-principal of the Centre Hall schools. Prof. Hosterman will open his select school at Spring Mills Monday next.

Fruit trees are being trimmed by James Leitzell, Jr., of Spring Mills, and "amputating" limbs took place in the Old Fort orchards last week. The fruit trees should have more men like Mr. Leitzell looking after their needs.

Rev. John A. Wood, Jr., pastor of the Methodist church, Bellefonte, has been voted a vacation, which will be taken in May. Rev. Wood will attend the General Conference in Los Angeles, California, during the month named.

Rev. M. S. Derstine, wife and daughter arrived at the home of Mrs. M. M. Derstine in this place Wednesday of last week. Little Marguerite will remain here for several weeks while Mr. and Mrs. Derstine are arranging their new home at Hyner, Clinton county.

One of the New York Central employes in the person of J. S. Showers, of McElhattan, was at his old home, near Tusseyville, last week, and also a caller at this office. Mr. Showers is doing blacksmithing at present, and is delighted with his work during the past year.

As a reward for his industry, Henry Miller found himself under about three cords of wood at his home in Millheim. No one in Centre Hall, who has any acquaintance with Mr. Miller, would accuse him of bothering a wood saw, and especially sawing out the nether sticks first.

C. W. Swartz, the flustling Tusseyville merchant, was in town Friday and called on the Reporter. He is one of the Reporter's advertising patrons, and one who never fails to make good a proposition set forth over his signature in the advertising column.

Samuel H. Griffith moved from Bellefonte to the farm of Joseph Grossman, near Tusseyville. Owing to the high price of farm stock, Mr. Griffith did not buy a team, but will devote his time to raising berries, etc., and work by the day when not busy at home.

John M. Stover, of Coburn, was a caller Monday. He and Mrs. Stover attended the funeral of Mrs. Hosterman, the ladies being sisters. Mr. and Mrs. Stover live on the Michael Kreamer homestead, where Mrs. Stover was raised, but next spring they intend quitting the farm and make their home in Aaronsburg.

G. H. Long, who for several years has been located at Stubensville, Ohio, has changed his place of business to Newark, Ohio. He writes that Newark is a live town of 25,000 inhabitants, has large Baltimore and Ohio car shops, largest stove works in U. S., Jewett Car Works, etc. Mr. Long is a son of J. D. Long, of Spring Mills.

Frank Tharp, a resident of Boalsburg, since April 1st, was in town Friday. For four years Mr. Tharp had been employed at Pitcairn, and when he left the shops was engaged in the coach department. He was obliged to quit his work on account of ill health, brought on by constant shop work. He is not an idler, and will be at work again as soon as his health permits.

SPAIN'S EX-QUEEN IS DEAD

A Tumultuous Royal Career Ended in Paris.

GRANDMOTHER OF KING ALFONSO.

The Late Queen, Up to a Few Years Ago, Was Noted for Her Cheerfulness and Joviality—In Fact it Was This Inherent Good Humor Which Made Her the Easy Victim of Many Intrigues.

Paris, (By Cable).—Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, grandmother of King Alfonso, died here at 9.45 o'clock A. M. from influenza, with complications.

The American Embassy, which is opposite the Palace Castille, on the Avenue Kleber, the late Queen's residence, was early informed of her death, and Ambassador Porter was among the first to call.

The Infantas Isabella, Eulalie and Marie, daughters of the Queen, were at the bedside when she died.

The Queen had been afflicted with the grip two months, and it gradually affected the lungs. At night she became unconscious and the death agony began at 7 A. M. The three infantas and Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria, husband of the Infanta Marie, were summoned to the bedside, but the dying Queen did not recognize them.

The Papal Nuncio was sent for to administer the last sacraments, but, owing to his absence from Paris, the rites were administered by the vicar of the Church of St. Pierre. The Queen's death followed shortly afterward. Prince Ferdinand immediately telegraphed the news to Foreign Minister Delcasse and to all the European sovereigns.

M. Delcasse called later and was admitted to the death chamber. President Loubet sent an officer of his household to present his condolences.

It is understood that King Alfonso will not come to France for the funeral, as he did not come for the funeral of his grandfather, King Francis, who died in April, 1902.

The late Queen had been one of the conspicuous figures of Paris since she left Spain. After her abdication, in 1870, she continued to live with queenly magnificence here, giving largely to charitable and religious works.

HURRICANE CAUSES DISASTER.

Japanese Bazar at the World's Fair Grounds Was Destroyed.

St. Louis, Mo. (Special).—The high wind that prevailed here completely destroyed the partially completed bazar building in the Japanese reservation at the world's fair, not a timber being left standing.

The building was a two story frame structure and was partly roofed. The work of reconstruction was begun almost immediately.

No other buildings on the grounds were damaged.

The storm was general throughout Missouri and neighboring states and much damage was done. A blizzard, the most serious for this season in many years, prevailed at St. Joseph, and the telephone and telegraph service was crippled.

Fort Worth, Tex., (Special).—A cyclone passed up the Red river country doing much damage. At Mills two children were killed in the wrecked home of Benjamin Diggs and several other members of the family were injured.

A man driving along the public road near Point Enterprise, on a load of wood, was picked up and carried over a fence into a field and slightly injured.

Telegraph wires are down and the running of trains on the Cotton Belt Railway is interfered with.

Houston, Tex., (Special).—A tornado which passed near the town of Mexia killed a family of three persons and injured nine other persons, three of whom it is feared are fatally hurt. The dead are John Ballard, his wife and 4-year-old child.

Many houses were demolished and much damage was done to growing crops.

Lincoln, Neb., (Special).—Nebraska was swept by the most severe April storm known in many years. A fine sheet of sleet and snow was driven by a wind that at times reached the velocity of a hurricane. Minor damage was reported from several towns.

Owensboro, Ky., (Special).—The end of a Southern tornado struck Owensboro and vicinity. The street car power house was partially demolished and not a street car is running in the city. Much other damage has been done, especially to telegraph and telephone companies. Waves ran so high on the Ohio river that steamboats were obliged to tie up.

St. Paul, Minn., (Special).—Another severe wind and snowstorm prevails over North and South Dakota, and in some instances railroad traffic is blocked and telegraph service is seriously hindered.

Twenty-Five Killed By Earthquake.

Vienna, (By Cable).—According to a dispatch to the Neue Freie Presse an earthquake on April 4 killed 25 persons, injured 40, destroyed 1500 houses and caused great distress in the vilayets of Kossovo and Salonica, Macedonia.

His Love Levels Rank.

Omaha, Neb., (Special).—Clarence Thurston, son of former United States Senator John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, wealthy and with a high standing in society, has just married Miss Nellie Cotter, daughter of an Omaha railroad switchman. The ceremony was performed at the Planters' Hotel, St. Louis, where Mr. Turston now lives. Miss Cotter and Mr. Thurston had been sweethearts ever since the day they first met in the primary department of the public schools 15 years ago.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

Vice Chancellor Bargen signed an order in New Jersey to show cause why an injunction should not issue to restrain the Northern Securities Company from holding a stockholders' meeting.

Work at the Bay State Mills of the American Woolen Company, in Lowell, Mass., was suspended, the company ordering a shutdown for an indefinite period. This effects 700 hands.

Miss Jennie Gray, daughter of Col. James R. Gray, editor of the Atlanta Journal, was married in Atlanta, Ga., to Capt. Earle D'Arcy Pearce, of the United States Army.

A quarrel over a girl, their companion at school, culminated in the killing of a 16-year-old boy by another in Chicago.

For half an hour traffic on Lower Broadway was blocked by a small fire in the new subway in New York.

John Cleves Short Harrison, grandson of President William Henry Harrison, died at Los Angelese, Cal.

Edward and Jacob Hammond, brothers, and Oscar Sigertsen were asphyxiated by gas in Philadelphia.

Five persons are dead and another is dying as the result of a fire in Mount Vernon, N. Y.

The Exchange Bank of Dow City and the Bank of Buck Grove, Ia., have failed.

The police raided the offices of the Pacific Underwriting and Trust Company and the Imperial Trust Company, in Chicago, and arrested those in charge on the charge of swindling.

Sixty-three Indians were wrecked in a train east-bound near Maywood, Ill. Three were instantly killed, 3 were fatally injured and 20 others were more or less seriously hurt.

The National Cotton Spinners Association at Boston adopted resolutions favoring an eight-hour day, anti-injunction laws and a better system of factory inspection.

In an amended bill in the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis an insurance company which is resisting the payment of policies for $200,000 on the life of James L. Blair, who was vice general counsel of the World's Fair, charges that Blair obtained the policies by fraud.

Advices from Nome, Alaska, say that the spring cleanup of gold on the Nome Peninsula will be greatly in excess of any previous season. Conservative estimates place the cleanup at $1,250,000.

Smuel W. McCall and Charles F. Choate, Jr., were appointed receivers for the Union Trust Company in Boston. The company's liabilities are placed at $1,600,000.

Albert Robbins and Edward L. Robbins, president and cashier, respectively, of the defunct Farmers' Bank at Auburn, Ind., were arrested for embezzlement.

The retention of 35 Greek strike-breakers at the plant of the American Car Company, in Chicago, caused a rumpus there and the Greeks were driven out.

The nail department of the American Steel and Wire Company's plant at Rankin, near Pittsburg, was burned down, causing a loss of $175,000.

As the result of playing with powder, three boys were fatally injured in Salt Lake, Utah, and one crippled for life.

Coal has advanced $1.20 a ton in Iowa on account of the scarcity caused by the strike.

Foreign.

It has been arranged that the signing of the Panama Canal contract shall take place at the United States Embassy, which is American soil.

King Alfonso was well received in Barcelona, a number of anarchists and suspects having been arrested as a precautionary measure.

It is officially denied that an anti-Jewish demonstration has occurred at Gomel or any other place in Russia.

The French foreign minister, M. Delcasse, and the Chevalier de Stuers, the minister of the Netherlands, signed an arbitration treaty in Paris.

Princess Sophia of Lippe, widow of Prince Gothier Frederic Waldemar of Lippe, is dead.

The dock authorities at Liverpool have been warned that if they continue to hamper the Cunard Steamship Company's operations by increased charges the company will transfer its ships to another port.

The Turks are reported to have again begun the persecution of the Bulgarians in Macedonia.

The Hamburg-American Line steamer Prinz Adelbert, from New York, was in collision off Cape Degaton, off the Spanish coast, with the Spanish bark Jose Roig. The latter vessel was badly damaged, but the steamer proceeded.

Hard fighting has occurred in Nigeria, British West Africa, and the British punitive expedition sent against the Okpoto Tribe has suffered a reverse.

King Edward, in a reception to the diplomats at Copenhagen, expressed to United States Minister Swenson his admiration for President Roosevelt.

The United States Consul at Odessa reports that a demonstration against the Jews at this time is unlikely.

The English annihilation of the best part of the Tibetan Army has revived irritation throughout Russia.

United States Ambassador McCormic is negotiating a treaty in St. Petersburg to secure for American corporations the right to sue in Russia.

Reports from the interior of Russia indicate that the precationary measures taken to prevent anti-Jewish riots have been successful.

Financial.

One of the Rockefellers last week brought 200,000 shares of Union Pacific, putting up a margin in cash of 40 per cent.

Missouri's wheat crop is 81 per cent, against a ten-year average at this season of 84 per cent. One year ago it was 91 per cent.

Public trading in bank stocks was resumed in the Pittsburg Exchange. Such transactions had been suspended since last October, because of the unsettled condition in banking affairs there.

STRONG ON THE YULU RIVER

Japs Cross and Occupy Important Positions.

CRUISING NEAR PORT ARTHUR.

Admiral Togo Likely Watching for an Opportunity to Make Another Attack—Japanese Supply Steamers Enter the Estuary of Yalu River and Land Cargoes on the Korean Shore.

London, (By Cable).—With the Japanese fleet again cruising in the vicinity of Port Arthur and a portion of the Japanese forces on the fighting line having crossed the Yalu River and occupied strong positions at several important points, news of both naval and military operations is momentarily expected.

Advices from Seoul, Korea, state that the Russians are occupying six of the largest border towns on the Tumen River, in northeastern Korea.

A Korean prefect has sent in a report that the Russians and Chinese who were at Yongampoo, Korea, have withdrawn to Antung, across the Yalu River. Only a few merchants remain at the former place. The Japanese authorities at Tokio have no confirmation of a reported engagement between Russians and Japanese at Kwisung. They have, however, received advices from Seoul that the Japanese supply steamers are safely entering the estuary of the Yalu River and are landing their cargoes at various points on the Korean shore. It is presumed here that the movement of these supply steamers is covered by Japanese gunboats. If this is true, the Russian forts erected upon the Chinese side of the Yalu River are evidently not effective.

According to reliable Korean reports the American mines at Unsan and the English mines at Gwendolen are safely guarded by detachments of Japanese troops.

Refugees who have arrived at Shanghai from Korea assert that the fear that the Japanese may land at Possiet Bay (in Manchuria, about 65 miles southwest of Vladivostok) is causing a general exodus inland. Even the Russian garrison in that locality are retreating, leaving only small outposts behind them.

Massed for Fight.

Niuchwang, Manchuria, (By Cable.)—General Kuropatkin's visit to Niuchwang has inspired boundless confidence.

The Commander-in-Chief ordered 10,000 reserves to reinforce this position, in view of the expected Japanese attack, while an additional force of 15,000 is ready to concentrate upon the place at short notice if necessary.

It is estimated now that there are 400,000 Russian troops in Manchuria. General Dragomiroff is actively assisting General Kuropatkin.

General Wogack has takep over the command here from General Kondratsvitch. The preparations for the defense of the town are complete.

Mines Laid in River.

Washington, (Special).—United States Minister Conger, at Peking, cables the State Department that Consul Miller, at Niuchwang has been notified by the Russian authorities that mines have been placed in the river, but that neutral ships will be conducted in and out safely.

RIVALS HAVE FATAL QUARREL.

Sixteen-year-old Boy Shoots Another Because of Jealousy.

Chicago, (Special).—A quarrel over a girl, their companion at school, culminated in the killing of one 16-year-old boy by another. The victim was Paul Jelick and the slayer was Henry Schaze. He was arrested and has confessed the killing, but declares he shot in self-defense.

The boys became enemies when Schaze escorted a girl pupil from school a year ago. The youths fought first, when Jelick declared the other had tried to "cut him out," as other pupils said, and in a fist battle behind the school building Schaze was victor over Jelick.

After that time, it is said, the boys would quarrel every time they met, until Schaze organised his companions into a bodyguard and the feud spread throughout the school. Both boys often would be acompanied by bands of supporters, and challenges were frequent. The clash finally came, when, after quarreling for several minutes, Jelick struck the other in the face and threw him to the ground. Schaze then drew a revolver and shot Jelick, who died almost instantly.

INDIANS KILLED IN SMASHUP.

Their Special Car Wrecked in Collision Due to Fog.

Maywood, Ill., (Special).—Sixty-three Indians in a special car on their way East to go aboard with a Wild West show were smashed into by a mail train two miles west of here during a fog. Three of the Indians were instantly killed, three were fatally injured, and 20 others were more or less seriously hurt. The Indians who were not pinned in the wreck fled in a panic across the prairie.

The trains which collided were the Oregon express and a fast mail on the Chicago and Northeastern Railway. The express train was run into by the mail train. Both trains were eastbound.

Mob Lost Its Courage.

Chattanooga, Tenn, (Special).—A special to the Times from Bristol, Tenn., says a mob tried to get possession of Finley Preston, the negro who murdered Lilian Shaw, colored, in Johnson county, and who is now in jail at Mountain City. The mob almost had the man in their possession when their courage failed them and they scampered away. Those composing the mob are said to have been negroes.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Sale of Spanish Mausers.

The response of the Assistant Secretary of War to the suggestion of a Georgia Representative that the Mauser rifles captured during the Spanish-American War had been sold to the revolutionists of Panama has some humorous aspects.

While the circumstances of the sale were such that few, if any, of the arms could possibly have reached the Panamaians, the list of purchasers, it is said, contains the names of three members of Congress—M. E. Olmsted, of Pennsylvania; C. B. Landis, of Indiana, and Charles H. Grosvenor, of Ohio. Mr. Olmsted bought one, Mr. Landis and General Grosvenor two apiece. The total number received from all sources was 21,154. Only three are left at the Springfield Armory. To the United States Army 63 were issued and 20,220 were sold at auction, 18,200 going to a single purchaser.

Country's Mineral Resources.

The Geological Survey will soon issue its report on mineral resources for 1902, showing that in that year for the third time the total value of the commercial mineral products of the United States exceeded $1,000,000,000.

The exact figures for 1902 were $1,260,639,415, which, as compared with $1,086,584,851 in 1901, shows a gain of 16.02 per cent. The fuels increased $26,667,743, or 6 per cent. Every variety of fuel increased in value except anthracite coal, which shows a decrease in quantity of 23,301,850 long tons and in value of $36,330,434. The metallic products increased $123992,325 and non-metallic products $50,072,089. To these should be added estimated unspecified products, including building, moulding and other sands reported to this office, the rare mineral molybdenum and other mineral products valued at $1,000,000.

An Educator for Consul.

The President will nominate James R. Parsons, Jr., as United States Consul-General to the City of Mexico, vice A. D. Barlow, resigned.

This a personal appointment on the part of the President. Mr. Parsons is a distinguished educator, 42 years old and a native of Albany, N. Y. He is secretary of the board of regents of the State University of New York and has taken an important part in the development of the public school system of that State. Mr. Parsons has had experience in consular work, having been from 1888 to 1890 United States Consul at Aix-le-Chapelle.

Improvements in Philippines.

Senator Lodge reported favorably from the Senate Committee on the Philippines the Lodge-Cooper bill to amend the Philippines Civil Government catby authorizing the issuance of bonds for municipal improvements and guaranteeing a 5 per cent. income on the cost of railroads.

The report of the House Committee on Insular Affairs in favor of the passage of the bill amending the Philippine Government act in several minor matters was filed by Chairman Cooper.

Successor for Judge Kalua.

Attorney General Knox announced that A. N. Kepoikai will be appointed by the President to succeed John W. Kalua as judge of the Second Circuit at Honolulu. Judge Kula was removed from office because he had adjourned his court until the day following the expiration of his commission on learning that he would not be reappointed. Judge Kepoikai is at present treasurer of Hawaii. Formerly under the kingdom he was judge of the same district to which he has now been appointed.

Favorable Report on Hepburn Bill.

The report favoring the passage of the Hepburn-Dolliver bill granting the states police power over original packages of liquor shipped within their borders as interstate commerce was filed in the House by Representative Clayton of Alabama.

Congressional and Departments.

Former Secretary Root will be temporary chairman and Speaker Cannon permanent chairman of the Republican National Convention at Chicago.

The oral arguments on the Eight-hour Bill before the Senate Committee on education and Labor were closed by Samuel Gompers.

Bishop Spalding, a member of the Coal Strike Commission, urged the Arbitration Bill before the House Committee on Labor.

The remains of Gen. Americus V. Rice were buried at the National Cemetary at Arlington.

Secretary Hay and Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, signed a treaty of extradition.

James Thaddeus Small, a corporal of marines on the Mayflower, committed suicide in his room in Washington.

President D. C. Gilman presided at the opening session of the annual meeting of the Oriental Society.

The District of Columbia Court of Appeals holds that the statute to punish conspiracy covers the charges made in the indictments against former Assistant Attorney General Tyner and Law Clerk Barrett.

The Senate Committee on Finance authorized Senator Aldrich to report an amendment to the bill for the government of the Panama Canal zone.

A delegation of representative Porto Ricans has arrived in Washington for the purpose of placing a loan of $3,000,000.

Gen. Americus V. Rice, of Ottawa, O., who held a number of government positions, died in Washington.

The United States Supreme Ciurt decided that the city of Chicago had the right to fix the price of gas at 75 cents.

Southard Parker Warner, of Washington, son of Brainard H. Warner, has been appointed United States consular agent at Gera, Germany.

EXTERMINATED BY FIRE

Father and Three Children Cauhgt in Death Trap.

WIFE THE ONLY ONE TO SURVIVE.

The Flames Spread Throughout the Top Floor With Great Rapidity—The Inmates Were Aroused by the Smoke and Heat and all Endeavored to Make Their Escape. But the Members of the Frey Family Were Overcome.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., (Special).—Five persons were burned, one fatally, in a conflagration which destroyed Columbia Hall shortly before 5 o'clock A. M. Nearly the entire family of Nathan Frey perished in the flames.

Columbia Hall was occupied on the ground floor by the piano factory of J. C. Schlicher and the carriage repository of D. R. Woods. The second was an auditorium used for theatrical purposes and the top floor was occupied by families. The building was frame.

It was shortly before 5 o'clock when Louis Levine smelled smoke. He found the complete lower floor in flames and escaped by the stairway cut-off. Levine seized his baby and calling to his wife to follow him, fled to the roof, where he made his escape to the adjoining building. Mrs. Levine was overcome by smoke and was rescued in an unconscious condition. Levine aroused the house by his cries and the frightened tenants poured into the smoke-filled hallways. Nathan Frey, seized by fear, stumbled back into his apartment and awoke his wife, the three shildren and maid.

The open door of the apartment created a draft and the flames caught them.

Mrs. Frey made her escape, but Mr. Frey carrying two children in his arms, and followed by the eldest child and the maid, were caught and burned in the doorway.

Mrs. A. E. Berry, while descending a ladder, which broke, fell and dislocated her hip.

The fire department in the meantime had arrived, and with long ladders the tenants, who were huddled on the roof, were carried to the street in safety.

The origin of the fire has not been determined. The loss is estimated at $15,000.

The tenants lost all their belongings.

BURTON IS SENTENCED.

Six Months in Jail and a Fine of $2,500—Bill of Exceptions Filed.

St. Louis, Mo., (Special).—Senator J. R. Burton, of Kansas, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in jail and a fine of $2500 for using his influence before the postoffice department in behalf of the Rialto Grain and Securities Company of St. Louis for having received payment from the company for his services.

When Senator Burton, accompanied by his attorney, came into the United States District Court Judge Adams spoke of the motions that had been filed for arrest of judgment. The court, after briefly reviewing the motions, overruled them both. The court then said to the defendant:

"Have you anything to say as to why sentence should not be passed upon you?"

Evidently suppressing his emotions with a strong effort, Senator Burton stood leaning with both hands on a chair back as he said:

"Your honor will please allow me to respectfully decline to say anything."

The courtroom was almost empty, with the exception of a few persons who had remained out of curiosity, and the silence was almost oppressive as Judge Adams in a low tone began delivery of the sentence.

VIRGINIA LAUNCHED.

Big Battleship Floated Amid the Cheers of Thousands.

Newport News, Va., (Special).—About forty-two years ago a fighting ship named Virginia showed in a few hours that the navies of the world would have to be rebuilt. Almost in sight of Newport News the Confederate ram Virginia and the first monitor tried conclusions in a battle which revolutionized all theories of naval construction, and sounded the death knell of the wooden ship as a war vessel. Tuesday a new battle-ship, admittedly representing the highest type of naval achievement, was launched from the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, bearing the name Virginia, representing a people and a State that have always stood for the highest type of chivalry, courage, and endurance and an insatiable appetite for carrying their conviction by superior skill in open, honorable contest. The new Virginia is not expected to revolutionize naval construction, but the expert constructors and the most experienced officers of the navy are confident that her thundering batteries and stanch and unyielding armor will prove more than a match for any fighting ship afloat and enable her to do her full share in placing the United States at the head of the naval powers of the world, potent for peace and invincible in war.

Three Firemen Killed at York.

York, Pa., (Special).—The worst fire in recent years in this city wiped out the big six-story brick factory of the York Carriage Company, damaging the big farm implement warehouse of Ernest & Bupp, the foundry of the Variety Iron Works, nine dwellings and other property, causing a loss of $200,000. By the collapse of a wall of the plant of the York Carriage Company three firemen were killed and three injured.

FIVE PERSONS DROWNED.

Disastrous End to a Night Cruise in the Gulf of Mexico.

Tampa, Fla., (Special).—Five persons, members of a pleasure party from the Florida Methodist College, at Sutherland, were drowned near Anclote lighthouse.

The dead are:

Mrs. Walker, wife of the president of the college.

Miss O'Connor, of Atlanta.

Miss Slaughter, of Sutherland.

Miss McCray, of Sutherland.

Mr. Bouland, of Sutherland.

President Walker and Miss Newton reached the beach alive. The bodies of Mrs. Walker and Miss O'Connor have not yet been recovered.

The bodies of the other three who lost their lives were washed ashore and recovered.

President Walker had taken the party out for a cruise to the lighthouse, but met rough weather and the boat was overturned in the gulf.

The Florida Methodist College is located at Sutherland, on the west coast of the gulf, about thirty miles from Tampa.

Tustin, Mich., (Special).—The three children of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Holmes—Laura, aged 13; Hazel, aged 11, and Wendell, aged 9 years—residing three miles southwest of Tustin, were drowned in a large pond less than forty rods back of their home. The pond was covered with a thin coat of ice, on which the children ventured.

The ice was not strong enough to support them and they sank together in thirteen feet of water. When the bodies were recovered two hours later the children's hands were still tightly clasped.

CONSOLIDATION OF MILLIONS.

Court Asked to Set Aside Merger of Electric Light and Power Companies.

St. Louis, Mo., (Special).—Suit to set aside the $20,000,000 consolidation of the Missouri Electric Light and Power Company and the Citizens' Electric Light and Power Company, now constituent corporations of the North American Electric Company of Philadelphia, alleging that the merger was effected by fraud, was instituted by Morgan Jones, of Denver, Col., in the United States Circuit Court here.

Mr. Jones avers that he is the owner of more than $100,000 worth of stock and that other stockholders stand ready to join in the proceedings.

Through his attorneys he asks the court:

First—To declare the merger illegal.

Second—That an injunction be forthwith issued to restrain the officers of the consolidation companies from a further use of the funds.

Third—The appointment of a receiver to take charge of the Missouri-Edison Company's property and purchases pending the settlement of the litigation.

Briefly, Mr. Jones' complaint is that the merger was voted without his consent, and that as a result the stock of the Missouri-Edison Company has greatly appreciated in value.

The defendant to the action are the Missouri-Edison Electric Company, August Gehner, Charles H. Huttig, Herman C. Stifel, C. Marquard Forster, Eugene H. Penoist, Philip Stock, William F. Nolker, Henry S. Ames, William D. Arthwein and the Union Electric Light and Power Company.

The merger was effected on September 8, 1903, and was ratified on the following day.

A Woman Kicked to Death.

Wheeling, W. Va., (Special).—Mrs. Peter Minto, the wife of a coal miner living a few miles below Bellaire, O., on Pipe Creek, was kicked to death Sunday night, and Monday morning the woman's body was found on the floor of the poorly furnished cabin. Minto was arrested, and has been placed in St. Clairsville jail. Minto came home drunk and began to kick his wife. The neighbors paid little attention to her cries, because it was a common thing to hear the people quarreling. Sunday evening the abuse continued until the woman died, life being crushed out of her body by Minto's heavy mining shoes.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.

Combs are found in the earliest known graves.

Guinea fowls are becoming popular as table birds.

For 300 years the Chinese have made waterproof paper.

A woman 5 feet 4 inches should weigh 134 pounds.

The sale of patent medicines is prohibited in Sweden.

The proportion of divorces to marriages in Japan is one to four.

There are in use in the United States 1,400,000 miles of telegraph wire.

The annual number of divorces in Canada has averaged two for thirty-four years.

The exports of Canada for 1903 were $478,574,591, and imports $243,141,016.

The general depth of the Niagara River at the brink of the falls is four feet.

The age at which the greatest number of Japanese girls marry is between twenty and twenty-one.

Nearly all business transactions in Columbia are based on United States currency.

In the religious communities where the use of meat is forbidden appendicitis is unknown.

The records of the Weather Bureau conflict with the popular belief in the equinoctial storm.

The propellers of the fast auto boats revolve 1,250 times a minute, giving a speed of twenty-five miles an hour.

WINDS AND LEAVES

Wet winds that flop the sodden leaves!
Wet leaves that drop and fall!
Unhappy, leafless trees the wind bereaves;
Poor trees and small!

All of a color, solemn in your green!
All of a color, solemn in your brown!
All of a color, dripping gray between
When leaves are down!

O for the bronze-green eucalyptus spires,
Far flashing up against the changeless blue,
Shifting and glancing in the steady fires
Of sun and moonlight, too!

Deep orange groves! Pomgranate hedges bright!
And varnished fringes of the pepper trees!
And, ah! that wind of sunshine! Wind of light!
Wind of the seas!

—Charlotte Perkins Stetson.

Mountain Lion and Mule.

BY SAM HOUSTON.

Late in the summer of 1887 I was one of a surveying party employed to run the lines of several extensive tracts in northwestern Texas.

At the time of which I write we were working in that section watered by the upper Canadian River and its confluents, and our corps of seven men, including a cook, was encamped on one of these tributaries in a region not only wild, but desolate.

The nearest habitation was a ranch three miles away, and we saw no other evidence of even partial civilization than half wild cattle that watched our movements from a distance, or came timidly down to the stream for water.

One night our chief remarked that another day of hard work would complete the survey, and that camp must then be moved to a point twenty miles distant.

"Cooks," he added, "we shall want breakfast before dawn tomorrow."

Dick Larkin, our cook, rose extremely early even when there was not the slightest occasion, and on the following morning he was astir by three o'clock. In rummaging about for his boots he awakened me, and finding myself unable to fall asleep again, I left the tent and went out to join my friend.

An oppressive stillness pervaded all nature. Apart from our immediate surroundings, we seemed to inhabit a sphere devoid of life and light. Dick was an old frontiersman, and doubtless felt perfectly contented; but my feelings were akin to those of one who wanders away in his sleep, and awakens to find himself on a worn-out world.

This grotesque fancy was capering through my drowsy brain when there came from a distance the piteous bleating of a calf. It was very faint at first, but the increasing nearness of each succeeding cry told that the animal was coming directly toward us. Dick suspended his fire making and listened.

"Something after that calf," he said.

"Wolves," I ventured.

"No," was the reply, "wolves always yelp on the chase. That's somethin' worse than a wolf."

The bleating drew rapidly nearer, till at last the calf, which was white, could be discerned coming across the level. Then the terrified creature dashed in upon us, passing between Dick and me, while closely following came a great dark object running so near the earth that it seemed almost snakelike in movement.

The calf had gone, perhaps, a rod beyond us, and then turned as if led by instinct to seek refuge with mankind; but the next instant there came a lightning-like spring, a stifled bleat, and the great shadowy creature made off with his prize. So suddenly did this tragedy occur that I was completely dazed. But Dick was equal to the occasion.

"Mountain-lion," he said, quietly. "Let's get guns and follow him."

Hurrying to the tent, each of us snatched a Winchester rifle and set out in the direction taken by the lion.

We had walked only a few hundred yards when there was heard on ahead a muffled bleat, and a moment later we caught a glimpse of the calf's white body just as it disappeared in a dense growth of chaparral. As we reached the copse Dick said:

"Stay here! I'll go tother side. He'll come out at daylight, and one of us will be sure to see him." Then he hurried away.

I listened intently. There was not much noise in the thicket. More than once I heard a growl, perhaps of satisfaction, although the growls may have been hints that my presence in that locality was not desired.

Twice I raised my rifle, determined to try a shot in the dark, but each time realized the madness of such a measure and desisted. To wound the beast without disabling it meant certain death, and I had only a noise to guide my aim.

After a time all was still, but I failed to derive comfort from this absence of sound; for I had now become so demoralized that my fancy transformed every weed and rock into a mountain-lion, preparing to spring upon me.

At last I noticed a pale grayish streak, and was fondly contemplating this welcome harbinger of daylight when there came from beyond the thicket the loud, clear ring of a rifle shot, followed by a succession of roars and screams.

Half wild with excitement, I hurried round the copse, and saw, in the half light of dawn, a monstrous thing writhing in agony, while a few paces away stood Dick, who was just then throwing a fresh cartridge into the chamber of his Winchester. His shot had broken the lion's spine near the hips; yet even in this helpless condition the ferocious animal was roaring and making frantic endeavors to reach its enemy.

Dick eyed his game coolly until it had become sufficiently quiet to permit accurate aim, and an instant later the beast lay quivering with a bullet through the brain.

"We'll need a mule to haul this thing in," said the marksman, pulling the lion about to test its weight. "Judge is just down yonder. Let's get him."

The individual thus referred to was one of our team mules, whose name was given in recognition of his solemn visage and the uncompromising dignity which marked his every movement. He was, on the whole, an exemplary animal. But he had one failing which he generaly exhibited under circumstances that rendered his action, or rather want of action, as illogical as it was annoying.

Over wretched roads and up steep hills "Judge" would pull more than all three of his companions. Five minutes afterward he would come to a standstill on a beautiful level stretch or even where there was a downward incline. On these occasions all argument was useless, and travel was suspended until his honor saw proper to reconsider the case and move on.

To facilitate his capture, Judge always wore about his neck and trailing after him a rope of considerable length. This we now carried aft—to use a nautical expression—and taking one or two turns round his honor's tail, passed a loop over the dead lion's head. Then the procession started for camp.

After taking a few steps, it occurred to Judge that his primative harness required investigation, and looking back, his gaze fell upon a terrible object immediately behind him. Satisfying himself by a longer look that this was no optical illusion, he gave vent to one wild, heartrending bray that was almost a wail, and dashed forward as if pursued by terrors of which no mule had ever dared to dream before.

The rope, a very old one, parted almost immediately; but his riddance of his incubus did not serve to allay the fugutive's fears or, at least, to diminish his speed. Indeed, he made all the better time for being unincumbered.

The course taken by Judge led directly through camp, and there is no telling just where his flight would have ended had the course been clear. As it was, he brought up against a guy-rope of our solitary tent. The structure collapsed like a ruptured balloon, and it was with considerable labor that Dick and I released the astonished occupants from their canvas prison.

After breakfast Dick and I removed the lion's hide. We were appropriately proud of our trophy, but we little dreamed how useful it was to be during the rest of our outing.

Two days later we were moving to a new survey, and had covered about half the distance to our destination when, on a beautiful and perfectly level piece of road, Judge called a halt.

It was not later than ten o'clock in the morning, but the chief ordered dinner to be prepared, by way of improving our enforced leisure.

In order to reach the mess-chest, which was in the wagon, several lighter articles were taken out, and among these was the lion's skin, which some one placed on the ground within a few feet of Judge. Immediately the mule was filled with terror, and was held with difficulty by three men.

Henceforward we never experienced any serious delay from Judge's sulks. A sovereign remedy for that malady had been discovered, although it soon became evident that the invigorant must be administered with caution. The slightest glimpse of that inanimate terror would rouse Judge from his most profound fit of abstraction, and after the hide became dry and resonant a tap with it on the side of the wagon was all-sufficient.

Once, when Judge had received a liberal dose of his tonic and had nearly run away with his fellow mules and wagon, Dick said, solemnly:

"I've heard tell of a ass that went paradin' round in a lion's skin, but I reckon mighty little of sich dressin' would satisfy Jedge"—Youth's Companion.

Dead Sea Draws Salt from the Air.

One is accustomed to regard rain water as pure water. It seems strange to hear that the most important factor in producing the great saltiness of the Dead Sea is the accumulation of salt which has been brought by the rain. It is well known, especially to water analysts, that the chlorine contents of uncontaminated water varies with the locality, but that, in general, it is a factor of the distance from the seashore. The salt from the ocean is carried up into the atmosphere and, passing over the land, is washed down to the earth's surface by the rain. It has been demonstrated that if the salt carried to the earth's surface by rain were to accumulate, a salinity equal to that of the Dead Sea would be produced in a fraction of the time of the Pleistocene Age.

Two theories have been advanced to account for the saltiness of the Dead Sea: (1) The streams leading into it washed the salt from the decomposing rocks and brought it to the lake, where it gradually accumulated; (2) the Dead Sea was once an arm of the Red Sea, but was cut off by the rising of the land to the south. In either case the water concentrated, by subsequent evaporation, until the present condition of saturation was reached. Analyses of the rocks of Palestine show that they contain no more than the average amount of salt and accordingly that it would take more than ninety-nine times longer to acquire the salinity of the Dead Sea by erosion than by the process of washing the salt from the atmosphere. An arm of the Red Sea cut off as suggested would hardly contain the amount of salt actually present. We are probably safe in assuming that wearing away of the rocks and washing of salt from the air have worked together, and that the rain has been by far the larger factor.—Collier's Weekly.

Moslems in England.

The burial of Lord Stanley of Alderley as a Mussulman came as a surprise to many people, although his conversion to Islam had been known for years to the leading Moslems of England.

"It was in 1892 that I first met Lord Stanley," said the Sheik-ul-Islam of the British Iles, who is the head of Mohammedanism in this country, to an Express representative yesterday. "That was at the Turkish Embassy. I was not introduced to him, and he did not tell me, until we had been talking together for an hour, who he was. Then he said that he had become a Mussulman, and that when the time came he would declare himself as such from his seat in the House of Lords.

"He never did so. Two or three times he came to join in our Friday prayers at the mosque in Liverpool, but by his own wish his identity was not made known to the other worshippers, and his contribution to the funds was acknowledged under his Islamic name—Abdur-Rahman, servant of the Merciful."

The banner of the prophet waves in England, and over 200 British born converts follow it. The Sheik-ul-Islam is a Liverpool solicitor of Manx descent, who began life as a Wesleyan. Five times a day from the balcony of the mosque in a crowded part of Liverpool the muezzin raises his voice, calling the faithful to their prayers. This muezzin used to be stoned at first, but with familiarity the neighborhood has become tolerant, and is satisfied with an occasional shout of contempt.—London Express.

The Wonders of Thermit.

Humanity, which swelters in a heat of 90 degrees, and withers and dies if the mercury runs up 10 or 15 degrees higher, finds it hard to realize a heat of 5,400 degrees. Yet that is the heat developed in the combustion of thermit, a heat which welds together pieces of the most ponderous machinery, which makes it possible to mend iron castings weighing tons, which heretofore had to be replaced at great expense of labor and time; which can unite iron rails so perfectly that the joining can scarcely be seen or felt, and a rail can be made miles long instead of fifty or a hundred feet at the outside.

This themit is a compound discovered by Dr. Hans Goldschmidt of Essen, Germany, who has been lecturing in this country, before chemical and engineering associations on this chemical discovery of his that is so full of engineering possibilities; a discovery that unlike so many scientific discoveries is not merely interesting to the scientist, but commercially valuable in the industrial world. This thermit is a mixture of finely granulated or powdered aluminum with some metallic oxide, most frequently oxide of iron. This mixture looks not unlike gunpowder, or to a housewife would suggest mixed tea, the light granules being aluminum, and the dark ones oxide of iron. In burning this mixture creates a temperature, as Dr. Goldschmidt expressed it in a paper read at the annual meeting of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, "about equal to that of the electric arc light."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Meant What It Said.

Mr. Leighton has none of the spirit of a bargain-hunter, and Mrs. Leighton decided that to have him accompany her on one of her Monday expeditions was more of a trial than a pleasure, in spite of his capabilities as bundle-carrier.

"Edward, I wish you would look at that golf-vest and see if you don't think it is exactly, in every particular, like the one we saw at Brown's. That was only three seventy-five, and this is four and a quarter. I'm sure I don't know what they mean by calling these bargains," said Mrs. Leighton.

"I can't see that it says they are bargains on that placard," said Mr. Leighton, in an uncomfortably clear tone. "It says, 'These goods are being sold regardless of cost,' and probably they are, my dear."

The total exports from the United States for the past year will reach $1,400,000,000; our imports, $980,000,000.

The murders in the United States in 1903 numbered 8,976; the lynchings 104.

Simple Fashions

New York City.—The demand for fancy waists seems ever to increase. This one, designed by May Manton, is equally well adapted to the odd bodice

FANCY WAIST.

and to the entire gown and to a variety of materials, but in the case of the model makes part of a costume of violet crepe de Chine, with a tucked yoke, full front and cuffs of chiffon in a lighter shade and trimming of ecru lace. The shirrings of waist and sleeves are arranged on continuous lines that give the fashionable breadth of figure and the garniture over the shoulders provides the drooping line without which no waist is quite up to date.

The waist is made over a fitted lining on which the yoke and front and various parts of the waist are arranged. The waist proper and the sleeves are shirred and the closing is made invisibly at the left shoulder seam and beneath the left front. The sleeves are wide and full above the deep cuffs but shirred to fit the upper arm snugly.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is three and seven-eighth yards twenty-one inches wide, three yards twenty-seven inches wide, or one and three-quarter yards forty-four inches wide, with one yard of chiffon, one-half yard of all-over lace and four and one-quarter yards of applique to make as illustrated.

Fancy Trimmings.

Fancy trimmings, as well as buttons, will be a feature of the early spring frocks, as well as various embroideries. A good many graduated bands of taffeta, satin and velvet will also be used. In some cases these bands are very smart, but on the other hand they are apt to accentuate any tendency to stoutness. These bands of satin ribbon are most useful where renovations are concerned; for instance, in order to lengthen a frock, a new flounce may be added beneath a band, and all of us who patronize the cleaner realize that some things must shrink a little.

Newest Materials For Stocks.

The newest materials for stocks are cross-stitched canvas, mummy canvas and coarse linen, with Russian and Hungarian embroidery effects in the vivid national colors.

A Caprice of Fashion.

Only a gathered cap in lieu of a sleeve is another of fashion's caprices for summer dress gowns, reviving an old-time mode.

A Quaint Effect.

Many evenings gowns have borrowed that quaint old fashion of opening over a gay petticoat in front.

Circular Skirt.

Full skirts, that are confined over the hips, yet take soft and graceful folds below, make the latest shown. This May Manton one is circular and is arranged in small tucks at the upper portion that give a yoke effect, but is left plain at the front, so avoiding unbecoming fullness. The model is made of tan-colored foulard figured with brown and white and is trimmed with folds of the material stitched with silk, but all the fashionable clinging materials are admirable and trimming can be applique of any sort.

Both skirt and folds are circular and the latter are shaped to fit smoothly over the foundation, which can be tucked at the upper edge as illustrated or arranged in gathers as preferred.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is ten yards twenty-one inches wide, eight yards twenty-seven inches wide, or five and one-half yards forty-four inches wide.

CIRCULAR SKIRT.

A LATE DESIGN BY MAY MANTON.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
PHILIP DRUMM, Prop.

First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.
Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.

Location: One mile South of Centre Hall. Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier

Receives Deposits . .
Discounts Notes . . .

Hotel Haag

BELLEFONTE, PA.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.

Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.
RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.
Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

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DAVID F. FORTNEY W. HARRISON WALKER
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Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers.....
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BARGAINS!

The readers of this paper are constantly upon the alert to ascertain where goods can be purchased at the lowest prices, and if a merchant does not advertise and keep the buyer conversant with his line of goods, how can he expect to sell them?

THINK OVER THIS!

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1904.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: '00" means July, 1900; '01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE—1904.

Bellefonte, N. W., J. C. Harper
" S. W., Patrick Gherrity
" W. W., George R. Meek
Philipsburg, 1st W., Ira Howe
" 2nd W., J. W. Lukens
" 3rd W., E. G. Jones
Centre Hall, W. F. Bradford
Howard, Howard Moore
Millheim, Pierce Musser
Milesburg, James Noll
South Philipsburg, John Albert
Unionville, P. J. McDonnel, Fleming
State College, John T. McCormick
Benner, N. P., John Grove, Bellefonte
" S. P., Siney Hoy, Bellefonte
Boggs, N. P., Ira Confer, Yarnell
" E. P., W. Gaylor Morrison, Roland
" W. P., Lewis Alkey, Winxate
Burnside, A. V. Dougherty, Moshannon
College, I. J. Dreese, Lemont
Curtin, Peter Robb, Jr., Romola
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills
" W. P., T. D. Gray, Penna. Furnace
Gregg N. P., Josiah C. Rossman, Spring Mills
" E. P., H. P. Herring, Penn Hall
" W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills
Haines, E. P., J. W. Winkleblech, Feidler
" W. P., Ralph E. Stover, Aaronsburg
Halfmoon, J. P. Sebring, Stormstown
Harris, John Weiland, Boalsburg
Howard, A. M. Butler, Howard
Huston, John Q. Miles, Martha
Liberty, E. P., Benjamin Brown, Blanchard
" W. P., Albert Bergner, Monument
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker
Miles, E. P., Jeremiah Brungart, Wolfs Store
" M. P., George B. Winters, Rebersburg
" W. P., G. Edward Miller, Rebersburg
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim
Potter, N. P., George H. Emerick, Centre Hall
" S. P., George Goodhart, Centre Hall
" W. P., James B. Spangler, Tusseyville
Rush, N. P., W. E. Frank Philipsburg
" S. P., John T. Lorigan, Osceola Mills
Snow Shoe, E. P., E. A. Humpton, Snow Shoe
" W. P., Wm Kerin Moshannon
Spring, N. P., C. M. Heisler, Bellefonte
" S. P., W. H. Noll, Pleasant Gap
" W. P., John L. Dunlap, Bellefonte
Taylor, J. T. Merryman, Port Matilda
Union, S. K. Emerick, Fleming
Walker, E. P., Solomon Peck, Nittany
" M. P., D. A. Deitrick, Hublersburg
" W. P., Albert Shaffer Zion
Worth, J. A. Williams, Port Matilda

J. K. JOHNSTON, H. J. JACKSON,
F. K. WHITE, D. PAUL FORTNEY, Secretaries.
H. S. TAYLOR, Chairman.

Plum Grove.

Mrs. Lingle, of Tusseyville, assisted her sister, Mrs. V. A. Auman, to move on Tuesday.

Miss Sadie Weaver spent Sunday with her friend, Gertrude Auman.

George Emerick, of near Centre Hall, was in this neighborhood sawing wood for the farmers.

Gertrude Auman, Sadie Weaver, Roy Schaffer, Charley Auman, and Paul Schaffer spent Sunday afternoon with Lucina and Puella Swartz.

John Korman and son Roy made a trip to Roopsburg one day last week.

Ivy Bartges spent Sunday with his brother Charles, at Spring Mills.

Linden Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bohn spent several days last week with A. Corl's family, at Fairbrook.

John Schreck moved Saturday into his new home at Lemont.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wolf, of Aaronsburg, spent several days with Mrs. J. W. Keller.

Mr. and Mrs. James Moore left for their new home in Osceola Friday.

Clyde Wieland disposed of several of his horses Monday at good prices.

Sidney Kuhn, one of the firemen for the lumber company, left Monday to take charge of the engine for the company at their new operations in White Deer Valley. Sidney has many friends who are sorry to have him leave.

Sadie Lee, of Colyer, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. P. C. Bradford.

Central Brush Valley.

Farmers in this section are busy; some are hauling manure, others are plowing and getting ready to put out potatoes, corn and oats.

Friday the funeral of Mrs. William Strouse, from Greengrove, passed through here on the way to Sugar Valley, where she was buried.

John Long, who moved into the Wagner house on the mountain side, this spring, changed his mind and Friday moved across the valley to a place known as Sleepy Hollow.

Grass and plants are showing new life and spring seems to be here at last.

The wheat plants in the fields at this end of the valley are badly frozen and may cause a poor crop.

Isaac Long, who bought the Wise property at this place, is around getting things in shape, and will soon become a citizen of this place.

F. A. Yearick, lumberman, made a trip to Spring Mills Saturday, and was caught in a rain storm.

John S. Hoy has made arrangements to leave this place and go to Pittsburg, where he will likely spend the summer.

Clover Seed.

Messrs. Foreman & Smith, of Centre Hall, will soon have on hand a supply of choice, re-cleaned western clover seed, at the lowest possible price. Place your order with them.

Railroad officials are not hypnotists, although they make passes.

Spring Mills.

Prof. Hosterman opened his spring term of school last Monday morning with fifty pupils. Quite a number are here from a distance and others are still expected. An assistant is expected in a day or two, who will ably assist the Professor.

C. F. Finkle moved his family into the mountain for the summer, where he is operating a stave mill. They will, however, spend their Sundays in their Spring Mills home.

Mrs. Charles Steele, of Sunbury, visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. C. Cummings, this week.

Mrs. H. S. Braucht and Miss Ida Condo made a trip to Bellefonte last Saturday.

Miss Bess Gearhart, of Sunbury, spent Sunday as the guest of Miss Orpha Gramley.

C. P. Long made a short trip to Harrisburg last week.

Center Castle 169, K. G. E. is making extensive preparations for their visit to Philadelphia next month, to be present at the meeting of the Grand Castle, which convenes in that city on May 10th. The delegation from No. 169 will evidently be quite a large one.

A few weeks ago, Daniel Gentzel, of Georges Valley, a veterinarian of considerable note, changed his residence to this village. All are glad to have the doctor as a citizen.

Quite a large number of removals and changes were made here within the last ten days; but there was no trouble in securing dwellings.

The fishermen should remember, that it is illegal at all times to fish in any stream of the State with a scoop or a throw net. A violation of the law subjects the offender to a heavy penalty.

The sooner the supervisors get to work the better; many of the road bridges are in a very unsafe condition, and delays are frequently dangerous.

Last Friday evening Miss Blanche, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bartges, of this place, gave quite a large party in honor of her birthday. Elegant refreshments were served, followed by music, singing and games. The company of course, were all young folks, and having been delightfully entertained, at an early hour all retired to their respective homes, after wishing Miss Blanche many returns of the day.

Directly in front of the Academy are huge piles of ashes, removed from the different stoves during the winter and simply thrown in heaps on the pike, of course completely choking the water way on that side, and causing it to cross the road to the disgust of opposite neighbors and every body else. Why the nuisance of throwing ashes right in front of the building was ever tolerated by the school directors is certainly very remarkable.

Potters Mills.

Jesse McClenahan returned home Saturday having been away on business. He has been working for the telephone company for some time.

Merchant F. A. Carson spent Saturday at the county seat attending the Democratic convention.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stahl, of Centre Hall, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Asher Stahl, who has been sick for some time.

Miss Grace Carper, of Linden Hall, arrived at the home of Daniel Daup last week. She expects to remain with them during the summer.

Girney and Ray Smith spent Thursday at Colyer.

Miss Ella Smith is spending some time with relatives in Colyer.

Mrs. Ammon Bubb spent Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wilkinson.

Frank Palmer is on the sick list.—John Bitner has a very bad attack of rheumatism.

Colyer.

Mrs. Maggie Barr attended the funeral of a nephew in Lewisburg.

G. R. Meiss, merchant of Colyer, intends having auction of candy, peanuts, etc. every Saturday evening this spring. All are invitad as he will sell cheap.

Howard Frazier, of Linden Hall, was the guest of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Cummings last week.

Mrs. Mary Long spent Friday at the home of J. H. Moyer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Slutterbeck and children spent Sunday at the home of Alfred Hosterman.

Among the sick are the children of Wm. Reiber and of Foster Frazier.

Foster Ripka spent Sunday at home.

The sale of Mrs. Mary Slack, dec'd, was well attended and things brought fair prices.

James Moyer and J. U. Stump, of Spring Bank, were seen in our community over Sunday.

Three hundred and nineteen pension bills were passed by the House in 120 minutes on Saturday. And yet there is complaint that the velocity of the national generosity lags. The Congress, however, swift as it is, limps far behind the impetuous Roosevelt, who at one swoop added over three hundred thousand to the pensionable persons ready to the solicitation of claim agents.

Harris Township.

Frank Fisher spent Sunday in Boalsburg.

Miss Helen Myers is recovering from the measles.

Workmen are busy repairing the Boalsburg tavern.

George Harnish returned from a prolonged visit at Snow Shoe.

Master Grant Charles has been employed as clerk in W. H. Stuart's store.

Elmer Ishler, of Potters Mills, transacted business here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lohr attended the funeral of Joseph Strouse, at Pine Hall last Tuesday.

Mrs. Malinda Rishel, who spent the winter visiting her children, has returned to her home.

Miss Margaret Mothersbaugh, visited at Houserville.—S. E. Weber spent Tuesday in Bellefonte.

Prof. T. C. Houtz, of Selinsgrove, enjoyed the hospitality of the Felty home during the past week.

J. M. Wieland will likely add another department to his coachmaking establishment—making baby carriages.

A. H. Hosterman and son Henry, Jacob Meyer and Mrs. Shuey attended the funeral of Mrs. Alfred Hosterman, at Centre Hall on Monday.

Work has commenced at Zimmerman's saw mill in the Shingletown Gap; the timber will be taken off the tract of mountain land known as the Glenn tract.

Samuel Wagner and Frank Black were here from Altoona on business.

Charles Moore visited his brother Samuel, at State College, who has been sick all winter with a complication of diseases.

Misses Esther and Hattie Kaup, of Boalsburg, and Mrs. Samuel Kaup, of Renovo, enjoyed an afternoon at State College.

Mrs. Wm. A. Wagner, of Altoona, is helping to care for her mother, Mrs. Lot Rimport, whose illness was mentioned last week.

Mrs. Julia Dinges, who has been suffering from facial neuralgia since early in autumn, is feeling much better and cherishes the hope that she will soon be again able to mingle among her friends.

J. M. Wieland, Wm. Myers, J. A. Rupp, Rev. A. A. Black, J. H. Meyer, Alfred Rupp, T. R. Weber, and Charles Mothersbaugh transacted business at the county seat last week.

The last of the public schools closed on Friday. Prof. S. Ward Gramley who was the teacher of the township high school, will teach a summer term beginning Monday the 18th inst. Those from a distance wishing to attend can secure boarding at reasonable rates.

Mrs. Maude Bell, with her three interesting little boys, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoover. Mrs. Bell before her marriage was engaged in teaching and after the death of her husband in 1900 she again turned her attention to that employment at her home at Bell's Landing, Clearfield county. Her brother, Royce Hoover, from the Mountain City, is also a visitor at the old home.

Pine Stump.

Miss Florence Kline, of Linden Hall, called on her friend, Miss Esther Snyder, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Houser made a trip to Bellefonte Saturday.

John Houser, of Nittany Mountain, visited his brother, C. B. Houser, Saturday.

John Garver, who has been visiting with his brother Newton for the last week or two, will begin working for the United Telephone Company again on Monday. John has been employed by this company since last summer, and is getting along very nicely.

A. G. Noll shipped the balance of Calvin Horner's goods last week to Altoona, at which place he is employed in a hotel.

Henry Houser made a business trip to Houserville last Wednesday, as did also Miss Sallie Pletcher, who makes her home with Mr. Houser.

Hannah Smith went to Altoona, where she expects to spend the summer.

Aaron Lutz, the fish man, sent for some fine fish this week.

James Clark, of Houserville, was a caller at the home of Henry Houser.

Henry Houser worked for his brother, Will Houser, last week.

Mrs. Felding and daughter, Miss Sadie, were callers at the home of Aaron Lutz last Thursday.

Mrs. Abraham Harshbarger called on Mrs. Robert Smith.

Adam Rhoads is on the sick list suffering from rash.

Nittany Mountain.

George Yarnel, fireman for Orwig & Kryder, who sawed the timber on the Fishburn tract, was visiting old haunts beginning of this week.

The property of the late John Horner will be appraised on Saturday.

Wm. Parker moved his step-mother from Oak Hall to Centre Hall.

Aaron Lutz delivered his fish on Saturday. He had quite a large order.

Mrs. Newton Garver had a hemorrhage Monday; Dr. Lee is in attendance.

Mrs. Kate Horner is on the sick list.

Mrs. J. B Sprow is threatened with an attack of her old malady.

Noll Brothers have quite a crew of men making logs.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Official Business as Reported from Bellefonte by a Special Correspondent.

Letters Granted.

Letters testamentary were granted on the following estates during the past week: Estate of Sarah Wagner, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased, to Emeline Hess and Susan Wagner.

Estate of S. B. Rowe, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased, to Agnes C. Rowe.

Estate of Rebecca Biddle, late of Patton Township, deceased, to J. W. and W. F. Biddle.

Estate of Daniel Hess, late of Harris Township, deceased, to Thomas C. Heims.

Estate of Sarah Fox, late of Haines Township, deceased, to David Dorman.

Letters of Administration were issued to George L. Goodhart on the estate of Mary A. Slack, late of Potter Township, deceased.

Marriage Licenses.

Wm. Lester, Philipsburg
Clara Radcliffe, Philipsburg.

L. E. Zimmerman, Milesburg.
Sarah G. Markley, Benore.

Edward Fleck, Julian.
Maggie Moore, Julian.

Walter C. Ganoe, Morrisdale.
Freda M. Barnhart, Curtins Works.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Levi W. Walker to Mrs. Harriet A. Long, March 16, 1904, land in Gregg twp.—$1600.

A. V. Smith, et ux., to Alvin J. Pifer, March 1, 1904, land in Howard twp.—$1000.

Alvin J. Pifer to J. V. Smith, March 1, 1904, land in Howard twp.—$1000.

Jacob C. Smith heirs, et. ux., to A. V. Smith, Jan. 16, 1904, land in Howard twp.—$1175.

Eliza A. Larimer, et. bar., to John M. Shugert, Feb. 20, 1904, lot in Bellefonte—$5000.

Daniel Hess, et ux., to F. E. Wieland, February 27, 1904, land in Harris twp.—$30.00.

H. B. Yarnell, et. ux., to Alice S. Miller, Feb. 18, 1904, lot in Ferguson twp.—$675.

J. J. Tressler, trustee, to Henry F. Evey, April 1, 1904, lot in College twp.—$800.

Jonathan Tressler's Exr's to Jonathan Tressler, March 28, 1904, 117 acres and 142 perches, in College twp.—$5610.

Anna M. Weaver, et. al., to H. H. Leitzel, lot in Millheim,—$430.

Edward Barrett, et. ux., to The Osceola Coal and Coke Co., March 31, 1904, land in Rush twp.—$800.

C. L. Cruyle, et ux. to John M. Homan, March 31, 1904, house and lot at State College—$3000.

Wm. E. Grays, adm'r, to C. L. Crayle, March 31, 1904, land at State College—$1800.

Emma J. Vonada, et. bar., to J. W. Kerstetter, March 21, 1904, house and lot in Coburn—$2120.

Samuel Ream, et. ux. to Frank M. Ream, March 30, 1904, three tracts in Gregg twp.—$850.

Wm. Acker, et ux., to Harry Acker, Feb. 2, 1903, house and lot in Aaronsburg—$600.

Wm. P. Humes, et. al., to Willard W. Smith, Feb. 18, 1904, lot at State College—$700.

Ellen Smiler, to Solomon Poorman, March 30, 1904, land in Spring twp.—$1500.

N. H. Yearick, et. ux., to Elmer E. Bartley, April 1, 1904, land in Marion twp.—$2033.

Henry Brown's exr. to Bessie C. Kessinger, March 26, 1904, land in Walker twp.—$1100.

W. A. Baumgardner to Harry C. Bailey, April 16, 1903, land in Ferguson twp.—$95.

H. K. Grant to Minnie B. H. Dale, Feb. 1, 1904, lot in Philipsburg—$1500.

Annie Kurtz, et bar, to James W. Runkle, dated February 3, 1904, land in Centre Hall—$150.

George W. Glace, to Mary Walker, March 30, 1904, 75 acres land in Potter twp.—$4100.

John M. Luse, et. ux., to Mrs. Margaret Rhone, March 26, 1904, land in Centre Hall—$1300.

Alice A. Tressler, et. bar., to James C. Gilliland, March 31, 1904, 27 acres, 5 perches in College twp.—$1130.

G. H. Long, et. ux., to Mary A. Long, April 1, 1903, 9420 square feet in Spring Mills, $525.

Jonathan Harter to Simon R. King, Dec. 26, 1903, land in Millheim—$100.

John H. Wagner, et. ux., to Henry Beahm's heirs, March 19, 1904, 4 acres in Harris twp.—$150.

Aaron D. Weaver's exr's, to Ida M. Stover, March 28, 1904, land in Harris twp.—$1007.44.

Christian B. Houser, to Henry H. Houser, April 5, 1904, 104 acres, 65 perches in Potter twp.—$4000.

LOCALS.

A light snow fell Tuesday night.

David R. Wilson is about ready to begin the erection of a creamery at Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, of Lamar, for a short time stopped with the Reporter. From here they went to Centre Hill to visit the former's brother, Peter Smith.

DEATHS.

MRS. JOHN D. NAGINEY.

At the age of seventy-six years, Mrs. John D. Naginey, of Kishacoquillas Valley, departed this life. She is survived by Mrs. John E. Deery, of Phoenixville; Morris, William and Robert, Milroy; Frank E., Bellefonte, and Mary E. widow of the late Rev. J. Foster Bell, with whom she made her home. Interment was made in the Presbyterian cemetery, Reedsville.

MRS. MATILDA STRAUSS.

Mrs. Matilda Strauss, died at her home north of Penn Hall on Monday, after several weeks illness, aged fifty-six years, says the Millheim Journal. Mrs. Strauss was a daughter of John Stoner, of Millheim. She has left to survive her ten children. Funeral services were held Friday morning from her late residence, interment being made at Tylersville, Clinton county. Rev. F. E. Lauffer, of the Reformed church, conducted the services.

Ayer's

You know the medicine that makes pure, rich blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your mother, grandmother, all your folks, used it. They trusted

Sarsaparilla

it. Their doctors trusted it. Your doctor trusts it. Then trust it yourself. There is health and strength in it.

"I suffered terribly from indigestion and thin blood. I found no relief until I took Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Four bottles permanently cured me."
MRS. F. R. HART, Mt. Risco, N. Y.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Rich Blood

Ayer's Pills are gently laxative. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN We pay $15 a thousand cash for copying at home. No mailing or canvassing. Send stamp for particulars. PURITAN MFG. CO., April 14, 3t. 4 Kilby St., Worchester, Mass

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned, representing the heirs of Lydia Rishel, deceased, late of Gregg township, will sell the following real estate, on the premises, two miles east of Spring Mills, near Beaver Dam school house,

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1 P. M. 1904.

All that certain messuage and tenement and tract of land situate in Gregg township, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a stone at side of road being the north-east corner of said tract; thence south 20 degrees, east 20 perches to stone; thence south 70 degrees west 21 perches to stone; thence north 28 degrees west 25.5 perches to stone; thence north 70 degrees east 5 perches to stone; thence south 40 degrees east 6 perches to stone; thence north 70 degrees east 17.4 perches to place of beginning containing three acres neat measure. It being surrounded on all sides by other lands of the estate of Joseph Rishel.

Also, at the same time and place a lot of household goods, etc., consisting of 84 yards of carpet, 12 yards linoleum, 6 cane bottom chairs, stands, beds and bedding, bureaus, chests, sewing machine, dishes cooking utensils, range and pipe, buckets, tables, 76 lbs. smoked meat, jellies, iron kettle, and many other household articles not mentioned here.

G. H RISHEL, Attorney in Fact.
Coburn, Pa., March 29, 1904.

SAW MILL FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale his well equipped saw mill located at Garrity's, near Potters Mills. The plant has a thirty horse power boiler, twenty-five horse-power engine, latest improved gang edger, lath mill, sixty-inch circular saw, cut off saw and other saws. The mill is in first-class condition and has been in use but one year. The plant will be sold at a bargain. Good reasons for selling. Call on or write to A. J. RICHLEY, March 10, 1904—6t. Potters Mills, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers at private sale the real estate of Mrs. Jane Love, deceased located on Church Street, Centre Hall, Pa., consisting of a house, lot and outbuildings. There is fine fruit on the premises, and a stream of water runs through a portion of it. Terms very reasonable. W. A. KRISE, February 4, 1904 3 mos. Agent for the Heirs.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of John W. Shook, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned she would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. [Mrs.] C. C. SHOOK, Executrix, April 14. Spring Mills, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Matilda Strouse, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned they would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. CHAS. E. STROUSE Zion, CYRUS H. STROUSE, Spring Mills, Executors. J. C. Meyer, Att'y, Bellefonte. April 14.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Daniel Hess, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. THOMAS C. HEIMS, Executor. April 7, 1904. Osceola Mills, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Jane R. Potter late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSHUA T. POTTER, Executor, Centre Hall, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary A. Slack, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. G. L. GOODHART, March 31, 1904. Administrator, Centre Hall Pa.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company, Room 268, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., on Monday, May 2nd, 1904, at 12.30 o'clock P. M., for the election of President and six Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

JAMES R. McCLURE, Secretary.

House Cleaning ... Time ...

We can furnish you with supplies to make house cleaning a pleasure in a manner.

Ammonia.
Borax.
Gold Dust.
Rosch Powder.
Sapolio.
Ant Powder.
Window Brushes.
Scrub "
Dust "
Brooms, Whisps, etc.
25c Sash Curtains.
50c " "
5 and 10c Sash Rods.
10c White Enamel and Oak Poles.

Mattings and Druggetts.
Cushion Tops.
Furniture Coverings.
" Linens.
" CoHons.

Easter Goods in great variety, 1c to 50c.

Easter Cards, 1c to 50c.
Egg Dyes.

GARMAN'S STORE

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central R. R.

Time Table in Effect November 29, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M. Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.48 a. m. New York 2.08 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.33 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.09 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 9.28 p. m., New York 12.33 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 P. M. Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 A. M.—Train 3 (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.09 A. M. Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.26 P. M. Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M. Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week Days.

WESTWARD. P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	EASTWARD. P.M.
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 35
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 25
1 55	6 38	Diehl	8 58	4 19
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.50 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.40 p. m. and 8.07 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.23 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr. GEO. W. BOYD, General Pass'ger Agt.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Week Days.

EASTWARD. 12 PM.	8 P. M	2 AM	STATIONS. Ar.	Lv.	1 AM	7 AM	11 PM	WESTWARD.
6 30	1 10	8 45		Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21	
6 20	1 02	8 40		Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26	
6 16	12 58	8 37		Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30	
6 10	12 54	8 35		Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 36	
6 05	12 49	8 31		Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38	
6 02	12 46	8 28		Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42	
5 57	12 41	8 24		Brally	7 00	11 02	4 47	
5 53	12 37	8 20		Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52	
5 50	12 35	8 18		Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54	
5 36	12 26	8 07		Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03	
5 33	12 24	8 04		Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00	
5 31	12 22	8 02		Inn	7 26	11 28	5 08	
5 30	12 20	8 00		State College	7 30	11 30	5 10	

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penn'a R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

F. H. THOMAS, Superintendent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down. No. 1	No3	No5	Nov. 24, 1902. Lv.	Ar.	Read Up. No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M			P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 40	6 45	BELLEFONTE		9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh		9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion		9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park		9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles		8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSBURG		8 54	4 44	9 03
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown		8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany		8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston		8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR		8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale		8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's Spring		8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville		8 23	4 18	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs		8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona		8 20	4 10	8 30
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL		8 15	4 05	8 25
11 45		8 40	Jersey Shore		3 22		7 40
12 20		9 10	Arr.	Lve	2 50		7 10
12 29		11 30	Lve.	Wmsport Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad. & Reading Ry.)				
7 30		6 50	PHILA		3 36		11 96
10 40		9 02	NEW YORK		4 25		7 35
			(Via Philad.)				
10 40			Ar New York	Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)				
P. M.		P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

Died (cancer) 1957

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the photographer, will be in Centre Hall Friday, April 22.

Ton of Poultry Wanted.

The undersigned will pay the highest market prices for one ton of poultry—all kinds—in small or large quantities. Call on, address or telephone

THE HOWARD CREAMERY CORP

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	55	Wheat	90
Barley	50	Oats	35
		Corn	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	08	Butter	20
Potatoes	80	Eggs	16

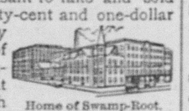
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

O. T. CORMAN

SPRING MILLS

Velvets, Satins, Dress Goods

Just received a beautiful line of Velvets, Satins, and Dress Goods, at prices to astonish you.

Hosiery and Underwear

Hosiery and Underwear, for Ladies and Gentlemen, no better goods in the market, which I am selling at remarkably low figures.

Gloves and Mittens, in great variety, and at any price.

Latest styles of Hats and Caps.

Pants and Overalls

A complete line of Corduroy and Dress Pants. Overalls for Men, Boys and Youths. The best make for the least money.

A splendid department of Jewelry, of every description.

An endless variety of Notions and Staple Goods.

Ladies' Wrappers at a trifle over half value.

Also a full line Queensware and Glassware.

I have a few of the Celebrated 1900 Washers, which I am selling at prices to astonish you.

My Grocery Department is complete and contains many articles not generally kept in a country store.

Fresh Oysters every week, also Lemons, Oranges Malaga Grapes and all kinds of Confectionery.

Produce Wanted

Wanted Immediately, and will pay Cash or Trade—Apples, Potatoes, Cabbage, Poultry, Pork and Beef Hides.

Call and examine my immense stock before purchasing elsewhere.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,

CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HIGH GRADE . . .

MONUMENTAL WORK

in all kinds of Marble AND Granite. Don't fail to get my prices.

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

Office in Crider's Stone Building,

Bellefonte, Pa.

Telephone connection.

HALL-HESS.

George M. Hall and Miss Freda Hess Married at Aurora, Ill.

George M. Hall, of Huntingdon, and Miss Freda Hess, of Linden Hall, were married Wednesday evening, April 6th, at eight o'clock at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Laura M. Hess, 48 Wilder St., Aurora, Illinois. Owing to the recent death of the bride's grand-father, the wedding was a quiet one.

Mr. and Mrs. Hall after a wedding trip of two weeks through the western states, will be at home about the twenty-first at Linden Hall. After spending a week there and at Huntingdon they will leave for their new home in Elkins, West Virginia, where the groom is engaged in the lumber business, and has a house already furnished for his bride.

Bad for Grain.

The monthly report of the chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture will show the average condition of winter wheat in the United States on April 1 to have been 76 5, against 97.3 on April 1, 1903, 78 7 at the corresponding date in 1902, and 84 1, the mean of the April averages of the last ten years.

The State of Pennsylvania shows the average condition on April 1, 1904, of 74; on April 1, 1903, of 100; on April 1, 1902, of 82, and a mean April average of 87 in the last ten years.

Manor School Opened.

The opening of Manor school, west of Old Fort, along the Boalsburg road, and the resumption of the use of the old text books, is credited with a second outbreak of scarlet fever in that district, one of the children of David Snyder a pupil in that school, being ill with that disease at present. There were a number of cases of that disease, and one death in the district named during the winter. The school was closed, the school room fumigated, and it was thought that all danger had passed away.

All Co Over.

The Burton case goes over till next September; the Smoot case goes over till next winter; the investigation of postal affairs goes over altogether; meantime the Beef Trust, the Steel Trust, the Sugar Trust and the Paper Trust gather themselves together and go on with their chartered plundering.

New U. T. and T. 'Phones.

D. E. Gentzel, Vet. Sur., Spring Mills.
James B Strohm, Centre Hill.
Old Fort Hotel.

OVER 67 MILLIONS

Represented in the

FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY

WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....

The Largest and Best

Accident Ins. Companies

Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.

Also, District Agent for . . .

The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's office for the inspection of the heirs and legatees, creditors and others in any wise interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Centre County for confirmation on Wednesday, the 27th day of April, A. D., 1904.

1. First and final account of William Scruders and Isaac Woomer, executors of the last will and testament of Lemuel H. Scruders, late of Ferguson twp.
2. First and final account of Calvin Rishel, administrator of Lucy Brian, late of Gregg twp., deceased.
3. Account of W. Harrison Walker, administrator of James Brown, late of Bellefonte, Pa., deceased.
4. First and final account of A. M. Hoover, administrator of Isabella and Nancy Jamison, late of Boggs twp., deceased.
5. The final account of Frank K. Lukenbaugh, trustee appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county, to sell the real estate of George S. Turner, late of Philipsburg, deceased.
6. The first and final account of C. M Bower, guardian of Ruth A. Hubler, minor child of Franklin Hoover, deceased, as stated by Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, administrators of etc., of C. M. Bower, deceased.
7. First and final account of C. M. Bower, guardian of Wm. W. Rachau, minor child of Elizabeth Rachau, deceased, as stated by Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, administrators of C. M. Bower, deceased.
8. The first and final account of C. M. Bower, guardian of Dooner C. Rachau, minor child of Elizabeth Rachau, deceased, as stated by Ellen E. Bower and John J. Bower, administrators of etc. of C. M. Bower, deceased.
9. Second and final accounnt of Frank Weber, executor of etc., of Hugh Adams, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.
10. The first and final account of W. E. Brown administrator of George W. Brown, late of Boggs twp., Centre county, Pa., deceased.
11. First and final account of John M. Dale, guardian of Lillian Muffly, as filed by Florence F. Dale, executrix.
12. First and final account of George Z. Kern, adm'r of the estate of Jacob Kern, late of Miles twp., deceased.
13. First and final account of George S. Weaver, executor of Daniel R. Weaver, late of Gregg twp., deceased.
14. The account of R. W. A. Jamison, adm'r of etc., of Jeremiah Kline, late of Haines twp., deceased.
15. The first and final account of Walter T. Stine, adm'r of etc., of Abednego Stine, late of Half Moon twp., deceased.
16. First and final account of David Rothrock, adm'r D. B. N. C. T. A. of Henry Rothrock, late of Spring twp., deceased.
17. First and final account of M. L. Rishel, adm'r of etc., of Jeremiah Stover, late of Gregg twp., deceased.
18. First and final account of James C. Smith, guardian of Bessie E. Sturgis, minor child of Bella Sturgis, deceased.
19. First and partial account of H. T. McDoWell, executor of the last will and testament of W. McDowell, late of Marion twp., deceased.

Bellefonte, Pa., March 27th, 1904. A. O. ARCHEY, Register.

LOCALS.

Gross, son of Dr. J. R. G. Allison, has been ill for several days.

Miss Bertha Wolf is reported as doing some "special" sewing at the Centre Hall hotel.

W. H. Meyer is making improvements on the Wolf home purchased some months ago.

Dr. Rupp, Professor of Practical Theology in the Reformed Theological Seminary, Lancaster, died Easter morning.

Trout fishing will begin Friday. Fisherman G. W. Glace has made the writer promises what he can do and what he will do. Wait.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John W. Shook, of Gregg township, have been issued to Mrs. C. C. Shook, widow of the deceased. See advertisement elsewhere.

Mrs. James N. Leitzell, of Spring Mills, is critically ill from the effects of cancer at the home of her son, Dr. P. W. Leitzell, at Portland Mills, Elk county. She has suffered greatly for a considerable length of time.

G. T. Twigg, of Philadelphia, was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday. He is the representative of the construction company who contracted with Coburn parties to erect a large canning factory at that place. It is Mr. Twigg's opinion that Coburn is a favored locality suited to grow tomatoes, beets and the like—the products needed at a factory such as will be erected at that place.

A. J. Shook and M. B. Herring, Esq., of Spring Mills, were callers Wednesday morning, having stopped on their way to Bellefonte relative to business connected with the estate of the late John W. Shook. They were accompanied to the county seat by Mrs. C. Shook, Mrs. A. J. Shook, Miss Clara Decker, all of Spring Mills, and Mrs. Luther Royer, near Centre Hill. Among other matters that were attended to was the recording of the will, which instrument makes Mrs. Shook, the widow, executrix, and sole heir.

Moses Stover Dead.

Moses Stover died in Harris township, east of Aaronsburg, Tuesday forenoon. Age seventy-five years. Interment Saturday, at Wolf's chapel, Rev. Laufler to officiate.

Deceased is survived by his wife and two sons—Ralph, Aaronsburg; Oliver F., Reuersburg, and three daughters—Susan, wife of Ira Gramley, Aaronsburg; Anna O., wife of Thomas Stover, Haines township; Gertrude M., wife of John M. Durst, Haines township.

John Y., of Wolf's Store; Thaddeus D., Snow Shoe; and Harry W., Aaronsburg, are surviving brothers, and Miss Polly Stover, of Aaronsburg, is a surviving sister.

Planting Trees for Profit.

State Forestry Commissioner Rothrock began last week the work of planting 50,000 additional locust trees for the Pennsylvania Railroad at Conewago. The 50,000 trees which were planted last fall are now being trimmed and a month will be required to complete the work. Arrangements have been made by the railroad company to plant, next fall, 200,000 more trees and the following spring 600,000 trees. Two thousand acres of land will be required and a tract of land one mile wide and two miles long will be covered by the trees.

These trees are being planted by the company for the purpose of producing cross ties and in the course of twenty years it is expected that 5,000,000 ties will be gotten from this vast forest.

What is being done by the railroad company can be done on a smaller scale by many individuals. There are many acres of unused territory that could be profitably planted to locust trees.

Woodward.

John G. Eby left for Beaver Dale on Tuesday.

J. Fisher Motz, of Monessen, visited his mother a day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Yearick spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Union county.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Runkle left for Monessen on Monday.

Benjamin Cohen and Ralph Haines made a trip to Philadelphia and while there each bought a horse.

Mrs. Ada Yearick spent Monday at Fiedler.

After spending about two months at Philadelphia, Dr. and Mrs. Ard returned home last week.

Mr. and Mrs S. P. Orndorf attended the funeral of Mrs. Fryer at Millheim, on Sunday.

LeRoy Gentzel is improving slowly.

C. W. Hosterman made a trip to Mifflinburg last Friday.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 a year.

A woman opens a telegram much as a child a jack-in-the-box.

It's an ill rain that brings no opportunity to borrow an umbrella.

It doesn't require much politeness to invite a bill collector to call again.

A man may have engaging ways without contemplating matrimony.

Every cloud may have a silver lining, but every opportunity is not golden.

LOCALS.

H. H. Leitzel, of Millheim, is putting up a stable on the property he purchased.

Miss Anna Smith, daughter of W. F. Smith, of Millheim, has opened an eight weeks term of school.

The wife of Congressman C. H. Dickerman died Sunday morning at the Dickerman residence, Rose Hill, Milton.

Several communications and other local matter were omitted both last and this week. These omissions were unavoidable.

The Reporter will give a handsome prize to the person who can tell the day and hour of the first wedding after the 27th inst.

David Barree, of Spring Mills, had his pension increased from $17.00 to $30 00 through the agency of Prof. W. A. Krise, of Centre Hall.

W. M. Grove, Esq., was a caller Monday. 'Squire Grove finds time to do considerable surveying, manual labor, and dispense justice each week, but no time to loaf.

Recorder Rowe is reported as saying that the traffic in real estate was unusually large. The large number of transfers of real estate published each week bear out the statement.

Hoffer street is in need of attention. A few days work done immediately will save many dollars expense. Much of the damage done on that street during the winter must be charged to oversight—ditches were not opened in the fall.

Mrs. Martha Orlady is seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Homer C. Crawford, Cooperstown, Pa., as the result of a tumorous growth that is gradually exhausting her vitality. Mrs. Orlady is the mother of Superior Court Judge George Orlady, of Huntingdon county, and sister of Shannon Boal, and Capt. G. M. Boal, of Centre Hall. She is eighty years of age, and is the eldest of the Boal family.

MORE PLAIN TALK.

Mr. Murray Makes a Few More Plain Statements.

If the food digests properly, impure blood cannot exist, if the blood is pure, there can be no catarrh. Since catarrh is the result of impure blood, and impure blood is the result of a poor digestion, it stands to reason that to effect a cure you must remove the cause. Mr. Murray says that if you use Vinte-na and are not satisfied with results he will return your money. Get a bottle today and note the improvement from the very start.

Livery . . .

D. A. BOOZER, Prop.

Centre Hall - - Penn.

We are Now Ready To Serve You With Our

Spring Styles

Prices to suit everybody.

Pleased to show goods.

P. V. S. STORE.

Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .

C. A. KRAPE.

Spring Mills, Pa.

H. F. ROSSMAN

SPRING MILLS PA. . . . . .

Special attention is called to

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Men's and Boys' Fancy Dress Shirts

Enameled Ware

Decorated Dinner Sets

Decorated & White Toilet Sets

DUCK COATS
MEN'S CAPS
WINTER GOODS

We have a few Men's Duck Coats left, and we offer them at a . . . Reduced Price.

A Good line of Men's Caps and a complete Line of Winter Goods. Prices Right. Goods Right.

KREAMER & SON.

Swartz's Pump Reminder . . . .

Do you know that I sell Pumps? I just thought I would tell you about them through this paper. I now have in stock a list of Porcelain lined wood pumps and fixtures, rubber bucket chain pumps and fixtures, and should you want an iron pump, I will be glad to get it for you. Prices will be right.

C. W. SWARTZ, Tusseyville.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS

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DISHES OF THE BEST ASSORTMENT PRICES RIGHT.

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We have THE stock of Dry Goods and Notions at prices so low that you cannot help but buy them. . . . . .

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Come to see our Up-to-Date Furniture at special low prices. Bed Room Suits, Couches, Dining Room Chairs, Rockers, Beds, Mattresses, Springs, Wall Paper.

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It will be to your interest to visit this store where you will find the largest stock of goods in Penn's Valley, and get our prices.

C. P. LONG, SPRING MILLS.

C. P. LONG

C. P. LONG

Ayer's Pills

Act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Build up your Strength with **JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE,**

a pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

THE WORLD'S WONDERS ON DISPLAY

St. Louis Working Night and Day to Be in Readiness For the Opening of the World's Fair on Saturday, April 30th Next.

THE first few thousand carloads of the twenty thousand cars of exhibits that will arrive at the World's Fair in St. Louis within the next few weeks have been received and unloaded. Large forces of men are employed night and day in receiving and placing the valuable products from many nations of the world as they come in. Any one who has not been over the World's Fair grounds cannot, with the wildest stretch of his imagination, realize the magnificence of this latest and greatest of Universal Expositions. With its thousand buildings spread out over an area of two square miles, enclosed by six miles of fence, the great World's Fair glistens in the sun, and is the centre of interest to all this part of the country.

The management has very considerately arranged many of the principal exhibit palaces in a compact group. While there are more than twenty-five buidings of considerable size given up to exhibit purposes, the very large buildings are some fifteen in number; eight of these, the Palace of Transportation, Machinery, Electricity, Varied Industries, Education, Manufactures, Mines and Metallurgy, Liberal Arts, are situated in the northeastern part of the grounds. The main entrance to the Exposition will let the visitor into the centre of this group. As each building covers from eight to fifteen acres and contains several miles of aisles, lined on either side by most interesting exhibits, the visitor will see his time slipping away with a world of things yet remaining to be seen.

The Government has spent more on this Exposition than it has ever expended before. First, it gave $5,000,000 to the general fund of the Exposition, upon consideration that the city of St. Louis would raise $10,000,000. This of course was promptly done. Then, the Government appropriated nearly a million and a half more for buildings and exhibits, and a few weeks ago decided to make a loan of $4,600,000 to the Exposition in order to have the elaborate plans carried out to their completeness. The Government cannot lose much on this investment at St. Louis, for the reason that St. Louis returns in internal revenue taxes for the Eastern half of Missouri alone, over $15,000,000 a year.

I wish I might describe the great beauty of the Government building. It is 800 feet long and stands on a broad terrace upon the hillside, overlooking the grand group of exhibit palaces. Near by are the Government Fisheries building and sea coast defense guns.

The Palace of Agriculture is the largest of the Exposition buildings and stands in the central western part of the grounds, upon a high elevation. This building covers twenty acres of ground, the equivalent of a small farm, and contains many thousands of exhibits, not only from the States of the United States but from countries of the world. The Palace of Horticulture stands directly south of the Palace of Agriculture and is 400 by 800 feet.

The Palace of Art, composed of four large pavilions, is one of the most interesting parts of the Fair. The several buildings contain a total of 135 galleries, filled with the priceless treasures of Europe and America, gathered with great care by discriminating committees. As an example of the care with which these selections were made, Italy may be taken as an example. Some four thousand paintings were offered, yet only four hundred could be selected. One of the four buildings of the Palace of Art is devoted entirely to statuary.

The Palace of Forestry, Fish and Game is in the western part of the grounds, covering four acres. The new science of forestry has here a most interesting exemplification.

In the central western part of the grounds are many of the Foreign Government Pavilions. Some fifty foreign nations are taking active part in the World's Fair, several of them spending more than a half-million dollars each. These are England, France, Germany, Brazil, Japan and China. Japan alone has brought seventy-eight thousand exhibits.

The displays from the Philippine Islands form a very attractive feature of the Exposition. There are some eighty thousand of these exhibits arranged in buildings upon a reservation of forty acres, lying west of the Palace of Agriculture.

About thirty acres are given up to an exhibit of the North American Indians, their industries and home life. A large space is devoted to the aerial concourse. Here will be held the series of airship trials and contests, upon which the Exposition has planned to expend $200,000. Of this sum, $100,000 is to be given as a grand prize to the aeronaut who will sail an airship in the quickest time over a fourteen-mile course.

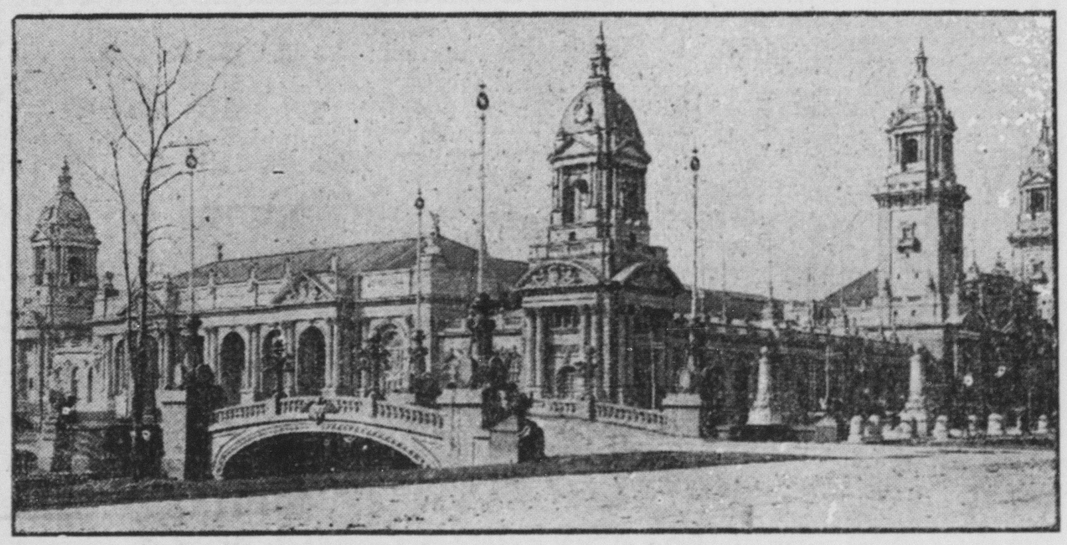
The quadrennial Olympic games are to be held at the World's Fair this year. A large building devoted to physical culture exhibits is situated in the western part of the grounds, and adjacent to it is the fine large athletic field, with amphitheatre seating twenty-seven thousand people. Upon this field the games will take place during the summer.

In this hurried glance at the Exposition of 1904, we must not forget that very interesting quarter, known as the Pike. This is the amusement street of the Exposition. The visitor will certainly open his eyes in amazement when he sees the array of amusements spread out for his delectation. It is a long story in itself, to tell what has been prepared for his entertainment. The Pike is considerably more than a mile long, and upon either side are arranged about fifty elaborate and extremely novel shows. Some of them cover as many as ten or eleven acres each.

The World's Fair will open on Saturday, April 30, with fitting ceremonies. Upon that occasion an anthem written by Edmund Clarence Stedman will be sung by a chorus of six hundred voices. The music—by the eminent composer, Professor John K. Paine, of Harvard University—as well as the poem, was written especially for this occasion upon the invitation of the Exposition. Frank Vander Stucken, director of the Cincinnati Orchestra, has written a march, and Henry K. Hadley, of New York, has written a waltz, also upon invitation of the Exposition, for its musical programs.

The central feature of the Exposition, or what is intended to be the most beautiful scene in the whole grand picture, is made up of Cascade Gardens, the Colonade of States and the Hall of Festivals. The gardens with their cascades and statuary, and the elaborate architectural features, are nearly a half a mile from east to west and represent an expenditure of one million dollars. It is the most ambitious scheme of formal gardening ever undertaken at an Exposition, or elsewhere. The Festival Hall, 200 feet in diameter and 200 feet high, contains the largest organ in the world, and has a seating capacity for thirty-five hundred people.

Practically all St. Louis is preparing to accommodate World's Fair visitors. The private homes will be open for the reception of guests throughout the Exposition. The prices will be from 50c. to $1.50 per day for each person for rooms. Restaurants are so plentiful that meals may be had in almost any locality where the visitors may happen to stop.



PALACE OF MACHINERY, WORLD'S FAIR, COVERS TEN ACRES.

——Copyrighted, 1904, by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

RUSSIA'S VICEROY.

Admiral Alexeieff a Master Mind, a Master Will and a Masterful Hand.

Admiral E. I. Alexeieff, described by Senator Beveridge in his book, "The Russian Advance," as "a master mind, a master will, altogether a masterful man," is the subject of an informing article by Charles Johnston, in Harper's Weekly. Admiral Alexeieff has toiled for years at the building of a new region of Russian influence, a region nearly as large as the combined area of France and Germany, and with a fringe of possible future acquisitions many times greater, only to see the whole of his life work threatened with dissolution. "In this lifework," says Mr. Johnston, "he has accomplished miracles almost, facing conditions of great and unexpected difficulty, amid surroundings alternately picturesque with the glamor of the East and squalid with intrigue and physical wretchedness. Through all these difficulties Admiral Alexeieff has acted with constant resolution, force, rapidity, and constructive power.

Youngest Cavalryman of Civil War.

The death of Oscar Arion Frost, at Ottawa, brings out the claim for him that he was the youngest cavalryman enlisted in the Civil War. He went into the Third Missouri Cavalry at fourteen years of age, and served through the war. It cannot be claimed for Mr. Frost, though, that he was boyish in appearance. At the time of his enlistment he was six feet tall and weighed 190 pounds.—Kansas City Journal.

MUSIC AND ANIMALS.

The Puma Is the Most Sensitive to the Influence of Melody.

Some very curious experiments have recently been carried out in the German Zoological Gardens in order to ascertain the actual influence of music upon animals. The instrument was the violin and Herr Baker was the performer.

Of all the animals the puma was the most sensitive to the musical influence. His moods changed rapidly, according to the nature of the melody, the animal frequently becoming very excited and nervous, "just like a Frenchman," as the report says.

Leopards were entirely unconcerned, but the lions appeared to be afraid, although their cubs wanted to dance when the music became livelier. The hyenas were very much terrified, but the monkeys were merely curious and the monkeys were merly curious.

The experiments are to be continued, and with a variety of instruments, in order to distinguish between the mental states which are actually produced by the music and those which are merely the result of an unusual experience.—Scientific American.

Interesting.

To hear the music of sweet bells, and also to test solid silver, take a solid-silver tablespoon, and tie two cords of equal length to the handle. Hold the ends of the cords to each ear, at the same time closing the ears with the fingers. Then by a motion of the body swing the spoon, letting it strike the back of the chair or like wooden object. You have no idea what sweet music you will hear. Try it, and see. —Woman's Home Companion.

N-RAYS AND DIGESTION.

This Process Causes Their Emission, as Does Muscular Activity.

That the processes of digestion, as well as mental and muscular activity, seem to cause the emission of N-rays, is the conclusion reached by M. Lambert, in France, after a series of interesting experiments. He believes that these curious rays are produced by ferments, especially by those concerned in the digestion of albuminoid matter. In his experiments on digestion, says a writer in Harper's Weekly, M. Lambert placed a small quantity of fibrin in tubes containing in one case activated pancreatic juice, and in another artificial gastric juice made by mixing five per cent. solution of pepsin with a four per cent. solution of hydrochloric acid. From these tubes the N-rays were emitted, and were detected not only by producing increased luminescence of a phosphorescent screen, but also photographically, thus removing the subjective element from the experiment. As a result of these experiments, M. Lambert believes that in the course of digestion the fibrin undergoes strains which act to produce N-rays.

Prosperous Yucatan.

Yucatan simply boils over with prosperity. Her railways are paying, her banks grow fat dividends, and her multi-millionaires are buying the best there is to be had, whether it be luxuries for the family or a first-class education abroad for their sons Mexican Herald.

A Machiavellian Maxim.

Whatever is the occasion of another's advancement is the cause of his own diminution.—From the Prince.

MAKING COLD FRAMES AND HOTBEDS.

A cold frame is a small plot of ground surrounded by boards and covered with glass, to protect plants early in spring and hasten growth, that they may attain a good size before being set in the open. They are excellent for starting melons and cucumbers. These plants are very susceptible to late frosts, and unless protected in some way, planting must be delayed until quite late. In the autumn cold frames are used for protecting half hardy plants. During the late fall and even late in the winter, if properly covered at night and open during the day, the season of many of these plants may be very greatly prolonged.

A cold frame is usually four or six feet wide and any length desired. The back part of the frame should be somewhat higher than the front and the slope should be located on the south side of a wall or building, or, at any rate, adjacent to a clump of trees. Any kind of a board may be used for the sides of the frame, after which earth should be thrown out of the inside and banked up around the outside. The interior can then be filled with garden soil or a mixture of compost and soil, as may be desired, for the different crops. Of course these beds must be properly ventilated and cared for. During the night the sash must be closed down and covered with some material to prevent rapid radiation. During the day this covering must be taken off and part of the sash raised, to admit fresh air. When the sun becomes too hot, partial shade may be necessary.

Hotbeds are made much as cold frames. The only difference is that instead of using soil or compost the earth in the bottom of the bed is thrown out and this is replaced with fresh horse manure. On top of this a foot or so of good soil is spread. The fermentation of the manure creates heat, which will enable plants to grow during much colder weather than would be possible with the cold frame. In some of the colder northern states the hotbeds may be started early in March.

The preparation of the manure is very simple, but must be very carefully followed. It should be placed in the hotbed and allowed to remain a day or two. A few bucketfuls of hot water may be poured over it and when the fermentation is nicely started the manure should be worked over. In a few days it may be worked over again. The violent heating period will have passed and it can then be tramped down and covered with a foot or so of soil, as noted above. Allow the hotbed to stand for a few days and when an even temperature is maintained level off the top of the soil and plant the seeds.

A hotbed prepared in this way will continue to give out heat for five or six weeks. The young plants, as they come up, must be watched, carefully watered, and the weeds which come up pulled out. More water is required in a hotbed than in a cold frame. Also the matter of ventilation must receive especial attention. At no time must the heat be excessive, for the plants will become spindling and tender. When planted in open ground they will wilt and be comparatively useless.—N. E. Homestead.

OLD APPLE TREES.

Renovating old apple orchards was the next subject, which was taken up by Charles E. Bassett, of Fennville.

An old orchard, the speaker claimed, could not be rejuvenated, though it might be renovated and rendered valuable if in a favorable location, with a good soil, desirable varieties and trees not to closely set, otherwise it was not worth the labor. Good orchards are now the exception because neglected for the peach and grape.

The method of procedure is to begin with shallow fall plowing, so as to make the plant food available for spring. Suckers and dead wood are cut out, but not many large limbs, and the stubs painted with white lead. In the fall vetch, common or crimson clover are sown, the last preferred. Wood ashes and barnyard manure may be used for fertilizers. The ground is worked with an extension disc harrow, followed by a common smoothing harrow. Spraying is done in season.

Spraying is an important part of the work. First, before the buds open the trees are sprayed with copper sulphate solution made by dissolving two pounds of copper sulphate in fifty gallons of water. After the blossoms fall Bordeaux mixture is used. Three sprayings are necessary for the codling moth and scab, the third time during the last of July. The formula for the mixture used is six pounds of lime, four of copper sulphate and fifty gallons of water. One-fourth pound of paris green is added. Spraying will aid to put the trees in a healthy condition and enable them to throw off the dead, scabby bark. But the work must be thoroughly done.

The best investment for a young man is a good orchard well cared for. But poor orchards should be cut down for the good of the state's reputation.

In the discussion Prof. Macoun was a little more favorable to the old orchard. It was worth while to renovate, he held, if the trees are not rotten at heart. This trouble is caused chiefly by unsuitable conditions, worst of all a wet sub-soil.

KEEPING HOG HOUSES DRY.

Those who have owned hogs that suffered with rheumatism during the winter have properly ascribed the trouble to the damp floors. It is difficult to keep the floors of the hog houses dry under the usual plan of pens which are found on most farms for, while the idea of a bedroom for the animals saves much trouble, it is not an easy task to educate hogs so that they will not soil their beds. A hoghouse was recently seen which was an ideal in its way. When it was built the floor was inclined from the rear toward the front quite sharply and a trough arranged just under the front of the floor boards which held the liquid excrements going into it through a number of inch holes bored in the planking in the floor.

This trough was arranged so that its contents ran off into a barrel placed for its reception at one end of the house. It required some careful work to construct this arrangement, but the plan works nicely and the floor of the house, and consequently the bedding, is comparatively dry. Of course, the dry floor could be obtained by boring holes at frequent intervals through the planks of any level floor, but then the manure would be lost, which would hardly be profitable. Care should be used in bedding so that the hogs have sufficient to make them comfortable, yet not so that they will destroy too much either by soiling it or eating it. Furthermore, one should be as careful in cleaning out the hoghouse each day as they would be the horse stable. General opinion to the contrary, hogs do not like wet, soiled bedding any better than do horses. Remove the bedding daily and treat it exactly as the bedding for horses is treated. Indianapolis News.

DO WE TREAT OUR HORSES RIGHT?

The farmer's main help and dependence are, first, his good wife, second, his faithful team of horses; and when he goes to the field we may say the latter are first; as a farmer can do but very little good on a farm without a good farm team. The question I wish to ask is, "Do we farmers appreciate them as faithful servants and treat them as such?" I think not. If we did some of us would not abuse them as we do. A great deal of this abuse is mere thoughtlessness. Farmers do not realize they are killing the horse by degrees. Just let us stop and consider how we drive our horses. If we want to drive to the village three or four miles, or if it is twenty, it is all the same, and if the horse has been idle, or hard at work, all the same. He must go as fast as he can put his feet down till he gets there. Then very often he is tied up dripping wet for several hours, as there is no hurry to go home—then driven home at the same gait. Often if there is a load to haul to market he is over loaded to haul more than a neighbor's. This is the kind of treatment our horses are receiving every day from a large number of drivers of farm horses. If we were to treat ourselves in proportion to our strength and health, as we do our horses, we would not live half so long as we do; but if we were to treat our horses with more humanity they would live three times as long and feel and look better.—Louis Campbell, in the Epitomist.

CISTERN FOR LIQUID MANURE.

In a recent issue of Green's Fruit Grower I see advice given in regard to soft or muddy barnyards. My barnyard was thus objectionable until I drained it by sinking a cistern in the center of the ward, into which all the liquids drained. I provided eaves for the barn so as to keep the water from the roofs of the barn from entering the barnyard. The rain and snow which fell all leeched through the manure into the cistern. The liquid manure thus preserved in the cemented cistern I applied to my plantations of strawberries, raspberries and blackberries, also to vegetables of all kinds with remarkable success. The value of this liquid manure will depend upon the amount of manure in the barnyard and its richness. Surely, if there is but little manure in the yard and there is much water the liquid secured will not be so valuable. I cannot think that a farmer is doing his farm justice if he fails to build a cistern in his barnyard as I have done. How often we see liquid manure escaping from the barnyard, particularly in the spring season, running off into the brooks or ditches. A large portion of the better part of the barnyard manure is lost each year in this manner. By my method it is all saved.

In the province of Samara, Russia, 405,000 persons get their subsistence from less than three acres of land per capita.

RICE BISCUITS.

Cream one cup of butter. Add one cup of sugar, gradually, then the beaten yolks of two eggs, and half a pound each, of rice flour and ordinary flour, lastly the whites of two eggs, beaten dry. Drop the mixture from a spoon onto a buttered baking sheet, and bake in a moderate oven from ten to fifteen minutes. Serve at five o'clock tea.

SCRAMBLED EGGS AND BACON.

Cut three slices of bacon into pieces half a finger long and one-fourth of an inch thick; put the blazer with the bacon over the lamp and fry a light brown; beat six eggs, season with a pinch of salt, add them to the bacon; as soon as they begin to set draw the eggs with a spoon from the side to the centre; when firm, but soft, put them on a warm dish and serve.

SWEDISH SPONGE CAKE.

Beat separately, the whites and yolks of four eggs. Beat one cup of sugar into the yolks, then add half a cup of potato flour sifted with three-fourths a level teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one-fourth a teaspoonful of salt. Add, lastly, two teaspoonfuls of lemon extract and the whites of the eggs. Bake in a moderate oven forty minutes. This recipe, using potato flour, makes a very tender sponge cake.

RASPBERRY SPONGE.

Soak one-third of a box of gelatine in one-third cup of cold water one hour; then add one-third cup of boiling water, one cup of sugar; stir over the fire until gelatine is dissolved; add one tablespoonful of lemon juice and one cup of raspberry pulp; stand in a pan of cold water, stirring until thickened; then add the whites of the eggs beaten stiff and one cup of whipped cream; fold in carefully and when stiff turn into a charlotte russe mold stand in a cool place.

CHESTNUT PUDDING.

One pound of chestnuts, one pint of milk, a quarter of a pound of sugar, two eggs and vanilla. Cut the chestnuts half through, but do not divide them; put them into a saucepan of boiling water and let them boil for twenty minutes. Drain and peel them, pass them through a masher and add the milk and sugar. Mix all together on the fire until boiling point is reached, then add the eggs well beaten up in a little milk. Stir them well in, but do not let them boil, take off the fire, add the vanilla and stir well. Put into a glass dish and serve warm or cold.

ENGLISH HONEY CAKES.

Put three-quarters of a pound of butter in a saucepan and melt. Stir in gradually two and one-half pounds of sifted flour, and keep stirring till lightly browned. Turn out on a board and make a hole in the centre. Dissolve one teaspoonful each of salt and soda in a little water and pour into the flour. Mix well. Stir in sufficient water to make a soft, flexible paste. Knead thoroughly, divide into small portions, round them and make a dent in the center of each. Put on a buttered baking tin and bake a golden brown. Put a half pound of honey and a pint of water in a saucepan over the fire and stir until reduced to a syrup. When the cakes are cooked, pour the syrup over them and put again in the oven until the syrup is soaked in well. Then arrange on a hot dish and serve at once.

BROWN OR WHITE SANDWICHES.

Any kind of finely chopped nuts, beaten to a paste with a small quantity of mayonnaise, will make a delicious filling for either brown or white bread sandwiches. Waldorf sandwiches are made of white bread and butter spread with a mixture of equal parts of sliced apple and celery, a sprinkling of sliced walnuts, all moistened well with mayonnaise. Chicken sandwiches are made in the same way, omitting the nuts and apple. The ripe olive sandwich was very popular last season for afternoon teas. For one loaf of gluten bread use a pint of ripe olives, one breakfast cheese, one tablespoonful of mayonnaise dressing and one tablespoonful of cream; stone and mince the olives; cream the cheese, adding first the cream and then the dressing, and, lastly, the minced olives. Stir to a smooth paste and spread on thin slices of buttered bread.

CLAM CHOWDER.

One pint of clams, one-fourth cupful of fine carrots and two tablespoonfuls of minced celery, one-fourth cupful of minced onion, one cupful of chopped potatoes, one-half cupful of tomatoes, one and one-half pints of boiling water, one tablespoonful of larding pork, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt, a little pepper and a good pinch of thyme; put the pork in the chafing dish pan over the lamp, fry until it turns straw color, then add one and one-half pints of boiling water, the celery, carrots and onions; cook until the carrots are tender; add the potatoes, salt and pepper; cook ten minutes; add the tomatoes; cook twenty minutes; then add the finely chopped clams and the liquor, a little cayenne pepper and the thyme; mix one teaspoonful of flour and one teaspoonful of butter together; add it to the chowder and if needed add more salt; boil five minutes and serve; if too thick add more water.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed the testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

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The DeLoach Patent Variable Friction Feed Saw Mill with 4 h. p. cuts 2,000 feet per day. All sizes and prices to suit. DeLoach Shingle Mills, Edgers, Trimmers, Planers; Corn and Buhr Mills, Water Wheels, Lath Mills, Wood Saws. Our handsome new Catalog will interest you. **DeLoach Mill Mfg. Co.,** Box 834, Atlanta, Ga.

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A new order will give pension for age. Write to us at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. NO PENSION NO PAY.

Address
THE W. H. WILLS COMPANY,
Wills Building, 312 Ind. Ave., Washington, D. C.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER BNU 16 IT PAYS

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

Much in a Name.

The newly-appointed postmaster at Keoken, Hawaii, is Mr. David Kapohokohoakimokeweonah. We regret that we cannot give any guide to the pronunciation.—Civil Service Magazine.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"What was it your husband wanted to see me about?" inquired Mrs. Newlywed's papa. "I think he wanted to borrow a couple of hundred dollars from you" she said. "He's so anxious to get out of debt."—Philadelphia Ledger.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

After a man gets to be about so old insurance solicitors cease to trouble him.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A man is never satisfied until he attends his own funeral.

Carpets can be colored on the floor with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

People who come to high words are apt to indulge in low ones.

A Question of Anesthetics.

Stuart Knott, president of the Kansas City Southern railway, was entertaining in his private car a Mr. Collins, a wealthy Galveston broker whose brains and money he hoped to interest in the development of the territory contiguous to Port Arthur, the southern terminus of the road. The weather was stickily hot. The air was tainted with the fumes of oil, and the broker was kept busy beating off mosquitos and making polite expressions of appreciation. Mr. Knott, after fully extolling Port Arthur's natural advantages as a port, a rice, oil, cotton and lumber center, said:

"Now, Mr. Collins, what would you take to locate here?"

"That, sir, is an open question," replied Mr. Collins, slapping at a herd of gallinippers. "I'm not sure whether I'd take cocaine or morphine."—New York Times.

"Lean as Pharaoh's Kine."

A good story of an old crofter who appeared before the commission to apply for a reduction of rent has just been told at a meeting in Glasgow. The number of cattle on the farm led Sheriff Brand to observe that surely the croft could not be in such a bad way as its owner would seek to show. "Och," replied the old fellow, "you should see the bit beasties." "What like are they?" queried the sheriff. "They're as lean, sir, as Pharaoh's kine." "How lean was that?" pawkily asked the sheriff, doubtless thinking that he had cornered the applicant. But had he? Not a bit. Like a flash came back the answer, "So lean, sir, that they could only be seen in a vision."—Yorkshire Post.

DANGEROUS NEGLECT.

It's the neglect of backache, sideache, pain in the hips or loins that finally prostrates the strongest body.

The kidney warnings are serious—they tell you that they are unable to filter the body's waste and poison from the blood—the sewers are clogged and impurities are running wild to impregnate nerves, heart, brain and every organ of the body with disease elements. Doan's Kidney Pills are quick to soothe and strengthen sick kidneys, and help them free the system from poison. Read how valuable they are, even in cases of long standing.

L. C. Lovell, of 415 North First St., Spokane, Wash., says: "I have had trouble from my kidneys for the past ten years. It was caused by a strain to which I paid little attention. But as I neglected the trouble it became worse and worse until any strain or a slight cold was sure to be followed by severe pain across my back. Then the action of the kidney secretions became deranged and I was caused much annoyance, besides loss of sleep. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice, and after taking them a short time their good effect was apparent. All the pain was removed from my back and the kidney secretions became normal. Doan's Kidney Pills do all that is claimed for them."

A FREE TRIAL of this great remedy which cured Mr. Lovell will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Reflection on the Milkman.

Wayne MacVeagh, the lawyer and diplomat, has on the outskirts of Philadelphia an admirable stock farm. One day last summer some poor children were permitted to go over this farm and when their inspection was done to each of them was given a glass of milk. The milk was excellent. It came, in fact, from a $2,000 cow. "Well, boys, how do you like it?" the farmer said when they had all drained their glasses. "Gee! Fine!" said one little fellow. Then after a pause, he added, "I wisht our milkman ked' a cow."

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Dr. S. R. Maison, county inspector for the State Board of Health, made the following statement relative to the smallpox situation in Clifton Heights: "The town will in all probabilities be visited by an epidemic, and unless some action is taken it will prove very serious. Four houses are quarantined and only two watchmen are employed. I have advocated the removal of patients to a contagious disease hospital, but the health authorities have not acted on the matter. Unless the authorities take stricter methods in suppressing the disease the State Board of Health will act at once."

Within a few days the United States Steel Corporation will close its option for its May supply of pig iron. The price at which the option was secured, $13 a ton, makes the iron a bargain at the present. In all about 65,000 tons will be needed next month. It will be purchased from the Bessemer Furnace Association and one or two independent valley merchant furnace operators.

P. M. Sharles, of West Chester, has given $4562 to the managers of the Chester County Hospital for the construction of two receiving rooms and a fireproof elevator and stairway at the institution.

It is doubtful whether State Treasurer Harris will take the Judges' salary mandamus case to the Supreme Court. His term will expire on the first Monday in May, and while he has not decided what he will do, it is predicted he will not appeal higher, but honor the warrants for the salaries of all Judges under the new law and at the same time pay warrants of those he refused who asked for the increase on February 1. It is not expected that Mr. Harris' successor, Mr. Mathues, will raise the question.

General orders were issued from the headquarters of the National Guard of Pennsylvania announcing that the division encampment will be held at Gettysburg July 23-30. An order was also issued announcing that the season for rifle practice was opened on April 1 and will close on October 31.

After a Coroner's jury rendered a verdict that James Briscoe, of Plymouth, came to his death through meningitis, the result of a blow administered by Charles Jennings, of Norristown, the latter was arrested on the charge of murder. Briscoe died a week after he and Jennings quarrelled in Norristown.

Four children of Mr. and Mrs. William Burke were burned to death at Sebastopol, a suburb of Pittston, at 1 o'clock the other morning. The victims are Helen, aged 14 years; James, aged 12 years; Mary, aged 8 years, and Michael, aged 6 years. The family retired at the usual hour at night, and about 1 o'clock A. M. Mrs. Burke was awakened by the crackling of flames. She awakened her husband and it was discovered that a wall of fire separated them from the two rear rooms occupied by the children. The parents made several attempts to reach the children but failed, and were forced to jump from the second story window to escape death.

After a service of three years in the Philippine Islands with the Twenty-fourth Infantry, Sergeant Edward T. Potter arrived at his home here today, from San Francisco, where he spent three months in the Government hospital convalescing from several wounds received at the hands of the bolomen of the islands. He bears on his face a great scar eight inches long. His right foot was nearly severed and his left arm rendered almost helpless.

Alderman John F. Donohue, of Wilkes-Barre, noted as a thrasher of wife-beaters, received word that he is one of four heirs to the large fortune of his uncle, John Jefferis, of Ireland. Alderman Donohue will leave soon to attend to the settlement of the estate, which is believed to be worth about $200,000.

With her face cut and bleeding, Miss Richards, a 17-year-old girl who lives in Jeanesville, and who is a high school student, reported her escape from a negro assailant. Miss Richards had to pass a lonely spot on the road to Hazleton. Concealed behind a bush, the negro attempted to lasso Miss Richards and partly succeeded, but after a desperate struggle she escaped. Policemen are now on the track of the negro.

In a friendly sparring match, between Henry A. Thomas, of Birchrunville, and Charles Goodman, of Phoenixville, the former was knocked down and his skull fractured in coming in contact with the floor. He died at the local hospital. Goodman was arrested, but released on the finding of a verdict of accidental death rendered by a coroner's jury. The two men were the best of friends.

Postmaster E. H. Graves of Coatesville, informed the postal authorities at Philadelphia that Frank H. Stevens, general clerk at the Coatsville post office is missing. Stevens, who is 27 years of age, is a son of William Stevens, of West Brandywine Township. He was a trusted employee of the post office, where he had a clerical position since July, 1903. He has a wife and two small children. It is said that several hundred dollars of the postal funds are missing.

In court at Reading, Frank Wardluft, aged 17 years, convicted of casting an illegal ballot at the recent election, was sentenced by Judge Endlich to pay a fine of $20 and undergo six months' imprisonment, while Joseph Hays and Charles Fry, convicted of procuring Wardluff to vote fraudulently, were sentenced to pay a fine of $25 each and undergo an imprisonment of nine months.

An unidentified sailor in the United States navy was killed by a train at Morrisilee.

Robbers broke into the United Brethren Church, Mechicsburg, and stole the contents of a charity box intended for the poor of the town.

At a conference between representatives of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company and the Amalgamted Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Plate Workers, it was decided that the Amalgamated Association call a special conference to consider the proposition of the company to make a reduction of 20 per cent. in wages.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"Much deferred Eastern business was transacted during the last few days and some sections report satisfactory results, but at many points the weather is not yet normal, and on the whole the season's trade thus far compares unfavorably with last year's volume. Manufacturing returns continue conflicting, iron and steel plants gaining ground, footwear exhibiting the natural reaction from an unprecedented production of 1903, while textile mills have much idle machinery and little forward business to encourage operation. Lumber and building materials are in better demand, although floods at the West and labor troubles at the East retarded structural work to some extent.

"Commercial failures this week in the United States are 208, against 226 last week, 229 the preceding week, and 173 the corresponding week last year. Failures in Canada, 16, against 15 last week, 21 the preceding week, and 18 last year."

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Firm and unchanged. Receipts, 9,185 barrels; exports, 7,683 barrels.

WHEAT—Firmer. Spot, contract, 1.05@1.05¼; No. 2 red Western, 1.06@1.06¼; April, 1.05@1.05¼; May, 1.03; July, 93 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 1.00@1.00¼. Receipts, 1,664 bushels. Southern, by sample, 97@1.05½; Southern, on grade, 97@1.05½.

CORN—Dull. Spot, 51¾@51⅞; April, 51¾@51⅞; May, 52¼@52½; steamer mixed, 46¼@46½. Receipts, 80,486 bushels; exports, 137,142 bushels. Southern white corn, 40@52; Southern yellow corn, 40@52.

OATS—Firm. No. 2 white, 48½@49; No. 2 mixed, 46@46½. Receipts, 7,510 bushels.

RYE—Firmer. No. 2, uptown, 82@83; No. 2 Western, uptown, 84@85. Receipts, 536 bushels.

HAY—Active and firm and unchanged.

GRAN FREIGHTS—Dull and unchanged.

BUTTER—Firm and unchanged. Fancy imitation, 19@20; fancy creamery, 25½@26; fancy ladle, 15@16; store packed, 12@13.

EGGS—Steady; 18.

SUGAR—Strong and unchanged. Coarse granulated, 4.85; fine, 4.85.

New York.—BUTTER—Easy. Extra fresh creamery, 32; creamer, common to choice, 15@22; State dairy, 13@21; held creamery, 13@20; renovated, 10@17½; factory, 10@14½; imitation creamery, 14@17.

CHEESE—Steady. State full cream, fancy small colored, September, 12; late made, 10¾; small white, September, 12; late made, 10¾; large colored, September, 12; late made, 10¾; large white, September, 12; late made, 10¾.

EGGS—Firm. State and Pennsylvania near-by average finest, 19; State and Pennsylvania firsts, 18½; Western firsts, 18½.

FLOUR—Receipts, 46,998 barrels; exports, 42,947. Markets very quiet, with a firm undertone. Winter patents, 5.20@5.50; winter straights, 5.00@5.20; Minnesota patents, 5.20@5.50; winter extras, 3.35@4.00. Minnesota bakers', 4.10@4.40; winter low grades, 3.15@3.80.

RYE FLOUR—Dull. Fair to good, 4.30@4.55; choice to fancy, 4.60@4.80.

CORNMEAL—Firm. Yellow Western, 1.08@1.10; city, 1.10@1.12; kiln dreid, 3.10@3.15.

HAY—Quiet. Shipping, 70@72½; good to choice, 97½@1.00.

HOPS—Steady. State, common to choice, 1903, 27@36; 1902, 23@27; olds, 9@14; Pacific Coast, 1903, 24@31; 1902, 23@27; olds, 9@14.

HIDES—Steady. Galveston, 20 to 25 pounds, 18; California, 21 to 25 pounds, 19; Texas, dry, 24 to 30 pounds, 14.

LEATHER—Firm. Acid, 23@26.

WOOL—Firm. Domestic fleece, 28@32.

LARD—Firm. Western steamed, 7.40; refined firm; continent, 7.50; South America, 8.00; compound, 6⅝@6¾.

PORK—Firm. Family, 15.00; short clear, 14.75@16.00; mess, 14.75@15.25.

TALLOW—Quiet. City, 4⅞; country, 4⅜@5¼.

COTTONSEED OIL—Quiet. Prime crude nominal; prime yellow, 35¼.

PETROLEUM—Easy. Refined, New York, 8.50; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 8.45; do. in bulk, 5.55.

TURPENTINE—Dull; 58@58¼.

RICE—Quiet. Domestic, fair to extra, 3½@5⅞; Japan nominal.

MOLASSES—Firm. New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, 31@37.

POTATOES—Firm. Long Island, 4.50@4.00; Jersey, 3.25@3.75; State and Western, sacks, 3.25; Jersey sweets, 1.50@4.50.

CABBAGES—Firm. Florida, 3.50@3.75.

Live Stock.

New York.—BEEVES—Dressed beef, steady, at 6½@8¼c per pound, for native sides; a little choice beef, at 8¾c. Exports, today, 1,386 cattle, 10 sheep, and 8,200 quarters of beef.

CALVES—Common to prime veals sold at 4.50 to 8.00; city dressed veals, at 8@12½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep nominally steady; lambs more active and 5@10c higher; good, to choice lambs sold at 6.12@6.25.

EGGS—Receipts were 2,274; market steady; prime State hogs sold at 5.90.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Good to prime steers, nominal, 4.25@5.80; poor to medium 3.50@5.00; stockers and feeders, 2.50@4.25; cows, 1.75@4.25; heifers, 2.00@4.50; canners, 1.75@2.50; bulls, 2.00@4.00; calves, 2.50@5.50; Texas fed steers, 4.00@4.60.

SHEEP—Good to choice wethers, 4.75@5.40; native lambs, 4.50@5.90.

WORLD OF LABOR.

There are 2,400 mineral water bottlers in New York city.

Albany, N. Y., union tailors will submit a new scale of wages.

A union of candy workers is about to be organized in Montreal, Canada.

British India now employs over 1,000,000 people in its cotton industries.

In St. Louis a few years ago the waiter girls got $4 a week salary; now they get $9, no breakage charges, the hours of labor are much shorter and conditions generally are better.

"PE-RU-NA TONES UP THE SYSTEM IF TAKEN IN THE SPRING,"

SAYS THIS BEAUTIFUL YOUNG GIRL.

MISS MARJORY HAMPTON, OF NEW YORK.

Miss Marjory Hampton, 2616 Third Avenue, New York City, writes:

"Peruna is a fine medicine to take any season of the year. Taken in the spring it tones up the system and acts as a tonic, strengthening me more than a vacation. In the fall and winter I have found that it cures colds and catarrh and also find that it is invaluable to keep the bowels regular, acting as a gentle stimulant on the system. In fact, I consider it a whole medicine chest."—Miss Marjory Hampton.

PURE BLOOD.

Blood Impurities of Springtime---Cause, Prevention and Cure.

Dr. Hartman's medical lectures are eagerly scanned by many thousand readers.

One of the most timely and interesting lectures he ever delivered was his recent lecture on the blood impurities of spring.

The doctor said in substance that every spring the blood is loaded with the effete accumulations of winter, deranging the digestion, producing sluggishness of the liver, overtaxing the kidneys, interfering with the action of the bowels and the proper circulation of the blood.

This condition of things produces what is popularly known as spring fever, spring malaria, nervous exhaustion, that tired feeling, blood thickening and many other names.

Sometimes the victim is billious, dyspeptic and constipated; sometimes he is weak, nervous and depressed, and again he may have eruptions, swellings and other blood humors. Whichever it is, the cause is the same—effete accumulations in the blood.

Nothing is more certain within the whole range of medical science than that a course of Peruna in early springtime will perfectly and effectually prevent or cure this almost universal affection.

Everybody feels it in some degree.

A great majority are disturbed considerably, while a large per cent. of the human family are made very miserable by this condition every spring.

Peruna will prevent it if taken in time.

Peruna will cure it if taken as directed.

Peruna is the ideal spring medicine of the medical profession.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Deer Make Pretty Picture.

A Middlesex, Vt., farmer, while drawing logs two or three days ago, saw a group of eight deer on a meadow about a mile and a half south of the village. He describes the animals as sleek and in good condition, and says they made a picture well worth looking at.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Occasionally a girl marries because she wants to marry, but the majority marry because they don't want to remain single.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A married man who owns an automobile is in a position to acquire a lot of experience.

The Wonderful Cream Separator.

Does its work in thirty minutes and leaves less than 1 per cent. butter fat. The price is ridiculously low, according to size, $2.75 to $6.00 each, and when you have one you would not part therewith for fifty times its cost.

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE

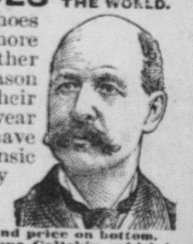
with 5c. stamps for postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and get their big catalogue, fully describing this remarkable Cream Separator, and hundreds of other tools and farm seeds used by the farmer. [A.C.L.]

If people were compelled to give voice to their thoughts few men would have the nerve to sing in public.

THE ORIGINAL
WATERPROOF
OILED CLOTHING
TOWER'S
FISH BRAND
Made in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work. On sale everywhere. Look for the Sign of the Fish, and the name TOWER on the buttons.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$4.00, $3.50, $3.00, $2.50
UNION MADE **SHOES** BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more men than any other make. The reason is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and have greater intrinsic value than any other shoes.



Sold Everywhere.

Look for name and price on bottom.

Douglas uses Corona Coltskin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. *Fast Color Eyelets used.*

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Write for Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

A Bad Fix

When one wakes up aching from head to foot, and with the flesh tender to the touch, when

Soreness and Stiffness

makes every motion of the body painful, the surest and quickest way out of the trouble is to use

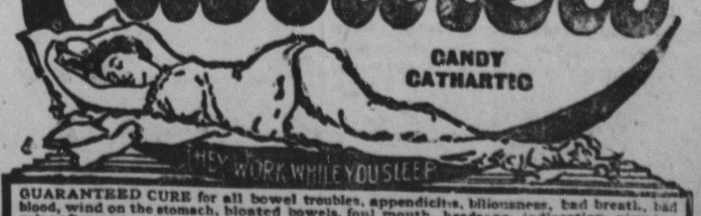
St. Jacobs Oil

promptly. It warms, relaxes, cures. Price, 25c. and 50c.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 509

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1904.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning and evening.

Methodist—Centre Hall, morning, memorial services for Harry Breon; Sprucetown, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Lutheran—No services. Pastor absent.

SALE REGISTER.

Saturday, April 23, 1 p m., two miles east of Spring Mills at the Rishel homestead, real estate and personal property. G. H. Rishel, Attorney in Fact, Coburn, Pa

Monday, May 2, 1 p m., near Farmers Mills, on premises of the late Jeremiah Stover, two tracts of timber land. See adv. M. L. Rishel, admr.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are authorized to announce William J. Kepler, of Ferguson township, as a candidate for nomination for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

We are authorized to announce John Noll, of Bellefonte borough, as a candidate for nomination for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

We are authorized to announce Arthur B. Kimport, of Harris township, as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic convention.

We are authorized to announce William Groh Runkle, of Bellefonte, as a candidate for nomination for the office of District Attorney of Centre County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

Phosphate.

D. W. Bradford is taking orders for all kinds of phosphate. He represents a reliable house, and sells at the lowest possible cost. You can secure any grade of goods from him. Give your order early.

Facts About Japan.

The empire includes 3,000 islands stretching nearly 2,900 miles.

Area, 161,153 square miles—as large as the North Atlantic States.

The Delineator for May.

In addition to an elaborate portrayal of current fashions and other matter of interest to women. The Delineator for May contains literary and artistic features of the highest excellence.

A Gruesome Find.

John Brock, while loading manure on a wagon in the alley between Bald Eagle and Clinton streets Lock Haven, uncovered the badly decomposed remains of an infant inclosed in a pillow slip.

Timber Not all Utilized.

Ten years ago it was thought that about all the timber in this locality had been manufactured into lumber, yet since the Colyer saw and stave mill passed into the hands of Messrs. Brisbin & Bradford, the output of manufactured lumber, staves, ties, etc., it larger than at any previous time.

Franklin and Marshall Wins.

In a debating contest inwhich Franklin and Marshall, Swathmore, State College and Dickinson participated, the championship was won by the former college. The Franklin and Marshall team composed Paul B. Rupp, of Lancaster; P. W. Harbold, of Bigmont, and A. E. Kraybill, of Steelton.

Examination for Permanent Certificates.

There will be an examination of teachers for permanent certificates in the public schools of this county in Bellefonte, Friday and Saturday, April 29th and 30th. The committee appointed by State Superintendent Nathan B. Schaffer consists of David O. Etters, H. W. Morris, Lucy M. Rowen.

Observe Arbor Day.

Arbor Day might be observed by the borough authorities as well as by the school children. There are many streets which need shade trees. They would contribute to the health as well as the beauty of the town, and if time were taken every year for this work and proper care given to the preservation of the trees, it would be of great advantage to Centre Hall.

A Good Example.

Burgess Walker, of Bellefonte, has taken the initiatory step to break up the tramp nuisance. Last week several tramps were arrested in that town and sentenced to work on the streets, with ball and chain attached. Centre Hall should follow the example set by the county seat's chief official, and make preparation to entertain the gentlemen of leisure in a way that will not prove expensive to the borough.

Centre Grange Re-organized.

Centre Grange, Pine Grove Mills, was re-organized with a membership of twenty-three, by District Deputy John Dale, assisted by George Dale. The meeting was held in the old academy building. E. C. Musser, was elected master; W. H. Goss, overseer; A. J. Tate, lecturer; A. S. Walker, steward; H. M. Krebs, assistant steward; Miss Sue Dannly, lady assistant steward; John Musser, chaplain; Newton E. Hess, treasurer; Harry Koch, Lola Kimport, M. A. Miller, secretaries; D. G. Meek, fire insurance director; Miss Emma Meek, Flora; Mrs. E. C. Musser, Ceres; Mrs. John Musser, Pomona.

When a man is short he sometimes does some tall thinking.

LOCALS.

Millheim had two funerals on Tuesday—Mrs. Maria Frank and Dr. W. S. Harter.

Solomon R. Dresser is re-nominated for Congress in this, the Twenty-first District.

Miss Rebecca J. Moyer opened her select primary school Monday with some thirty scholars.

Tuesday morning Isaac Smith began the foundation for a large porch to be built to the front of his residence.

The water question is again being agitated in Millheim, and the people hope it will soon assume a tangible shape.

A. C. Mingle, the shoe man, was elected president of the Bellefonte school board, vice G. W. Reese resigned.

Milton Kline, south of Centre Hall, was a caller Monday. He is all ready for the spring work, with the exception of horse-power.

The canning factory is growing rapidly, says the Howard Hustler. The buildings are up and the carpenters are getting ready for the slaters.

The Keller Business College, Lewisburg, is being reorganized by Prof. Thomas J. Martin. Mr. Martin has been in the business college work for forty years.

Miss Margaret Black, of Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, arrived in Centre Hall Monday. She will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Daniel Gress for several weeks.

Rev. J. M. Rearick, last Sunday, announced that there would be no services in the Centre Hall charge owing to his absence. He will fill the appointments in a vacant charge.

Among others who attended the funeral of Mrs. Alfred P. Hosterman were Washington Stover, Millheim; Jacob Moyer, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Stover, and Mrs. Calvin Moyer, of Coburn, and Mrs. Ambrose Haines, of Woodward. These were people who lived near the birthplace of Mrs. Hosterman.

Charged with being the owner of a dog caught running deer on the mountains near Lewistown Dr. H. C. Miller was fined $10 before Justice of the Peace Longwell, at Milroy. Simon Keep, of Lock's Mills, was also fined $25 and costs for taking wild turkey out of season. The arrests were made by Fish and Game Warden Shoop.

Miss Stella Sweetwood, daughter of J. W. Sweetwood, of near Spring Mills, is making splendid progress at the Plainfield (N. J.) Business College, which institution she entered last October and is taking a course in shorthand, typewriting and commercial laws. She expects to spend her vacation, which begins in June, at her home.

Malcolm Luse, of Johnstown, was the guest of his brother, Perry Luse, west of Centre Hall, last week, having come to the valley to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, John Shook, of Spring Mills. Mr. Luse has his home with his step-sister, Mrs. Miller, wife of Dr. Ed. L. Miller. He is connected with the Wholesale Grocery Association at that place, and holds the official position of secretary.

Accused of Old Crime.

William Markley was arrested charged with the murder of an infant of Mrs. Mary Rheam, of Burnham. The child was found in an outbuilding at Burnham in the Spring of 1901, and Mrs. Rheam was arrested, but after a long trial was acquitted.

Memorial Services.

Memorial services will be held in the Methodist church, Centre Hall, Sunday at 10:30 a. m., for Harry Breon, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Breon, whose death occurred February 6th, from scarlet fever. Services conducted by Rev. G. W. McIlnay, pastor.

Smith Brothers.

Smith Brothers, the Spring Mills furniture dealers, are offering special inducements for the spring trade. They will be ready to serve you, no matter where you live. Call in person, over the wire or give orders through mail.

A Carpenter Set His Fractured Leg.

As Scott Miller was walking through an alley in Lewistown, he tripped and fell fracturing his right leg in three places.

Miller crawled on his hands and knees for almost a block to a carpenter shop, where he had the fractures reduced and was able to walk immediately afterward.

The leg was a wooden one.

Dresser Renominated.

Solomon R. Dresser, Congressman of the Twenty-first Pennsylvania District was renominated by the Republican conference which was held in Dubois Thursday of last week.

There was only one ballot. Neither Clearfield nor Centre County presented a candidate. Cameron County presented Captain Charles B. Barclay, but his name was withdrawn and the unanimous vote of the conference given to Mr. Dresser, of Bradford, McKean County. Mr. Dresser was elected to the Fifty-eighth Congress by more than 3000 plurality. He is a manufacturer and inventor.

CONVENTION REASSEMBLED.

Democrats Meet to Name Delegates to National and State Conventions.

An adjourned meeting of last year's Democratic convention was held in the Court House, Bellefonte, Saturday morning for the purpose of electing two delegates to the Democratic State convention. The convention was called to order by County Chairman H. S. Taylor. In the absence of W. Miles Walker, the chairman of the convention, who was unable to be present, Major Taylor delegated Col. J. L. Spangler to act as presiding officer. Col. Spangler made a speech to the convention which was characteristic of the man—truly Democratic.

Reading Clerk H. D. Rumberger read the call reconvening the convention. He then read the roll call which showed twenty-five absentees.

S. A. McQuistion, of Bellefonte, nominated Dr. F. K. White, of Philipsburg, and Pierce Musser, of Millheim, nominated Robert M. Foster, of State College, for delegates to State convention. H. D. Rumberger moved that nominations be closed and that Messrs. White and Foster be elected unanimously. It was so ordered.

John J. Bower read a resolution endorsing J. C. Meyer, Esq., of Bellefonte, for delegate to the Democratic National convention at St. Louis and moved its adoption. It was seconded by Jerry O. Donavan, and carried unanimously.

Joseph Peters spoke urging the conferees to do all they could for Mr. Meyer.

Speeches were made by J. C. Meyer, Hon. Robert M. Foster and others.

LOCALS.

The owl, for all his vaulted wisdom, looks on the dark side of things.

Misses Lola and Margie Strohm and William R. Kerr are suffering from tonsilitis.

L. L. Smith and Edward Foreman are building new porches to their dwelling houses.

John A. Daley, of Curtin township, is an aspirant for legislative honors in the Republican party in this county.

The Centre Hall Normal and Preparatory School will begin Monday. Prof. Young is expected to return to Centre Hall Friday of this week.

From information at hand there will be more than the usual improvements to dwelling houses and town properties in general, the coming summer.

Jerome Gephart, of Millheim, is running his saw mill on the Doebler tract in Brush Valley, cutting the timber that J. W. Musser bought from J. H. Reifsnyder.

The wheat fields in Lancaster county are in a splendid condition. In fact, the prospects for a good crop of grain are very fair all along the railroad from Lewisburg to Philadelphia.

Say, Mr. Gentleman Good Taste, do you think an alley the proper place to dump your refuse matter? Just go to the rear of your premises, peep through or over the fence, then answer the question.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Matilda Strouse, late of Gregg township, have been issued to Charles E. Strouse, of Zion, and Cyrus H. Strouse, Spring Mills; J. C. Meyer, attorney. Notice of same appears in this issue.

The wheat crop in the Central portion of Penns Valley is in a very, very bad condition. The fields at this writing look brown, instead of green. Much of the wheat has been winter killed, and the prospects of a crop are very meager.

Rebersburg.

Florence Bright has a severe attack of cold.

H. G. Krape sold a valuable horse last week.

J. W. Harter had another attack of back-ache.

Edna Miller contemplates spending the summer in Madisonburg.

Mrs. Wallace Walker is convalescing after an attack of pneumonia.

Nora Douty has gone to spend the summer with the family of Harry Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Limbert are going to the Walker lumber job in the near future.

W. W. Hockman has two blacksmiths at work making buggies for the spring trade.

Our enterprising and obliging new blacksmith, M. R. Moyer, is doing a rushing business.

John Wetzel left on Friday for St. Louis Mo., and George went to Nittany Valley to work on the farm.

Mr. Holderman, of Sandy Ridge, moved into Ed. Swarm's house. He expects to mold for C. M. Gramley.

G. A. Waite is driving a team on the Walker lumber job, for Mr. Bryning. Mr. Waite knows how to take care of a team.

H. C. Musser and family, of Williamsport, spent a week visiting W. H. Corman. Mr. Musser is employed by the P. R. R. Co.

J. A. Heller & Son are now painting their wagons and getting them ready for sale. Anybody in need of a good wagon will save money by buying the "Heller."

Last Wednesday while J. N. Moyer was helping to quarry stones on his father's farm, a large stump fell upon him nearly crushing the life out of him. He is again able to be about.

DEATHS.

JOSEPH STROUSE.

After an illness of stomach and bowel troubles that had its beginning early last fall the venerable Joseph Strouse, a well-known Ferguson township farmer, recently passed away at his home at Pine Hall, near Pine Grove Mills. He had improved somewhat recently, but several weeks ago he became worse again and it seemed that neither the best medical skill nor the tenderest nursing would prevail against the disease.

Deceased was of German decent, a truly christian gentleman of simple, frugal habits, whose life was a daily example of good citizenship and charitableness. While of a very retiring dispcsition he was always very active in matters of public interest, in church work and in Democratic politics. Though he never sought preferment he had held almost every local office within the gift of the people of his community. Early in life he became connected with the Lutheran church, remaining a useful active member to the last.

He was born at Springtown, N. J., Jan. 24th, 1839. When only a lad he came to this county with his father, the late Thos. Strouse, who was among a party of settlers to locate about Pine Hall, which was known then as New Northampton district. Joseph assisted in clearing the farm that has been the family homestead ever since. It is one of the landmarks of the community, famous to this day for its prosperous appearance and generous hospitality. Forty-one years ago he was married to Maria Anna Krebs, who survives him with the following children: Wm. F., Washington, D. C.; Thomas, of Baltimore; John, of Linden Hall; Charles, of Fillmore, and Luther at home. Their daughter, Mrs. Reuben Glenn, and one son died several years ago. His sisters, Mrs. Adam Stover, Mrs. Fred Decker and Mrs. E. C. Fye, all of State College, and Mrs. Kate Garret, of Altoona, are also living.

MRS. ALFRED HOSTERMAN.

The death of Susan L., wife of Alfred Hosterman occurred at her home, near Centre Hill, Friday morning, after an illness extending over a period of three months during which time she was confined to bed. Interment took place at Centre Hall Monday forenoon, services being conducted by the pastor of the deceased, Rev. Daniel Gress, assisted by Rev. J. M. Rearick, in the Reformed church.

Mrs. Hosterman was the third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Kreamer, and was born and raised on the Kreamer homestead two miles west of Coburn. Her marriage to Mr. Hosterman took place some forty years ago. She was the mother of four children—Miss Ella, deceased; M. Elizabeth, wife of J. Frank Smith, Centre Hall; Dr. James K., Ford City, Pa., and Thomas, at home.

The family of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Kreamer consisted of four daughters, namely, Elizabeth, deceased, wife of George Bower, of near Coburn; Miss Julia A. Kreamer, of Aaronsburg; Susan L., deceased, wife of Alfred Hosterman, of near Centre Hill; Eva Catharine, wife of John M. Stover, of near Coburn.

Mrs. Hosterman was a devoted Christian woman, and was of a kind, gentle disposition. Her age was sixty-eight years, and twenty-eight days.

DR. WM. S. HARTER.

Dr. William S. Harter, a well-known citizen of State College, died at his home in that place Friday evening of a complication of diseases and after an illness of two months duration. The doctor's illness has puzzled the medical fraternity and an autopsy was held to determine the exact cause of his death.

Dr. Harter was well known all over Centre county and his death will cause general sorrow. He was a denist by profession. In politics he was an ardent Republican and always took an active interest in party affairs. He was Justice of the Peace at State College and was thirty-five years of age.

Socially he was a member of the Modern Woodmen, the I. O. O. F., lodge and encampment.

Interment was made at Millheim.

MRS. MARIA CATHARINE FRANK.

Millheim, in the death of Mrs. Maria Catharine Frank lost another of its aged and highly respected ladies. Death occurred Saturday, 5 a. m. Her age was seventy-eight years, one month and twenty-three days. Interment took place Tuesday at 9:30 a. m., in Fairview Cemetery, Millheim, Rev. B. R. M. Sheeder, of the Lutheran church, officiating.

Mrs. Frank was a daughter of Philip B. and Elizabeth Musser, and was born in Gregg township, February 16, 1826. Her husband, now deceased, was Thomas Frank. She is survived by one son, A. A. Frank, a leading merchant in Millheim.

School Opens April 18.

The Centre Hall Normal and Preparatory School will open Monday, April 18. For further particulars apply to J. A. YOUNG, Centre Hall, Pa.

Considering how few faults are lost, there is a great deal of fault-finding

Do You get Your Share of the Many Special Bargains Continually Offered at Ripka's Cash Store? . . . .

Our Stock is Complete and our Bargains cover every line of goods—SPECIAL BARGAINS each Week—See Below. . . . . .

We pay the highest market prices for all kinds of Produce, as follows, subject to market changes: Butter, 20c lb.; Eggs, 16c dozen; Lard, 9c lb.; Bacon, 8c lb.; Shoulder, 10c lb.; Ham, 12c lb.; Dried Apples, 5c lb.; Potatoes, 80c Bushel; Large Onions, $1.00 bushel; Onion Sets, 12c quart; Chickens, 11c lb. You can't help but save money with us, for we sell for CASH, thus cutting down the cost to you. We give Premium Tickets for Cash or Produce.

For One Week Only, Beginning Thursday, April 14th. . . . . .

Five Pounds Fair Quality Prunes . . . 25 Cents
Children's All-Wool Hose (Black or White) 12 Cents
Don't miss the "Money Saving" Store.

TERMS—Strictly Cash or Produce.

OLD DUNCAN STAND.
SPRING MILLS, PA. B. W. RIPKA.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Housekeepers Look . . . . To Your Interests

WE HAVE

35 Chamber Suits	from $18 00 to	$60 00
25 Sideboards	from 9 50 to	27 00
25 Couches	from 5 00 to	25 00
75 Rockers	from 1 25 to	15 00
20 Extension Tables	from 5 50 to	8 50
50 Parlor Stands	from 90 to	6 50
10 Iron Beds	from 5 00 to	12 50
Organs	from 44 50 to	58 50
Pianos	from 175 00 to	200 00
Carpets	from 39c to 60c	per yd.
Mattresses	from 2 75 to	10 00
Pattern Table Cloth		19c per yd.

Window Shades, Curtain Poles, Stair Rods, Easles, Clocks
Book Cases, Writing Desks, 1900 Washer and Wringers, 3000 Rolls of Wall Paper.
STOVES AND RANGES.

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J. H. KRUMBINE
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We will make a Discount of 15 Per Cent. on all Cash Sales between Now and April 1st, 1904.

WALL PAPER
WINDOW SHADES
You can get anything you want in either of these lines—from stock or by samples. Very pretty designs. . . . . .

My Motto for 1904 will be . . . . . "Quick Sales and Small Profits"

If I do not have what you want, I will get it for you.

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Calls answered promptly, Day or Night. Terms and Prices reasonable.

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Mr. John M. Bullock is ready to take your measure for that . . .

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OR . . .
Pair of Trousers

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Ready-to-Wear Clothing
Is in great demand, also . . . . . .

We can fit you and fit your pocket-book. Look at our Top Coats and Rain Coats and Nobby Spring Suits, Neckwear, Hosiery, Shirts, E

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